## **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-O**

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 000-50549

## **Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

62-1715807 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

12230 El Camino Real, Suite 230 San Diego, CA 92130 (858) 434-1113

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Trading

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

little of each class	Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered							
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	par value ONCT The Nasdaq Capital M								
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None									
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\square$									
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during files). Yes ⊠ No □	t has submitted electronically every Interactive Data the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period								

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or

n emerging growth company. ompany" in Rule 12b-2 of the	'large accelerated filer,"	"accelerated filer,"	"smaller reporting company	y," and "emerging growth	
Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Emerging growth company				lerated filer ler reporting company	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  $\square$  No  $\boxtimes$ 

As of April 28, 2022, the registrant had 49,429,054 shares of common stock outstanding.

## **Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc.**

## FORM 10-Q

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## PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except par value)

	 March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2021
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 82,159	\$	90,765
Prepaid and other	 2,907		2,088
Total current assets	85,066		92,853
Right-of-use asset	31		75
Other assets	 391		657
Total assets	\$ 85,488	\$	93,585
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,395	\$	1,959
Accrued liabilities	2,868		3,431
Lease liability	31		75
Total current liabilities	 5,294		5,465
Commitments and contingencies (Note 3)			
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, authorized shares – 5,000 at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021; issued and outstanding shares – none	_		_
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized shares – 120,000; issued and outstanding shares – 49,429 at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021	49		49
Additional paid-in capital	204,179		202,201
Accumulated deficit	(124,034)		(114,130)
Total stockholders' equity	 80,194		88,120
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 85,488	\$	93,585

## Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2022		2021	
Grant revenue	\$ 746	\$	748	
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	6,979		3,913	
General and administrative	3,679		2,794	
Total operating expenses	10,658		6,707	
Loss from operations	(9,912)		(5,959)	
Interest income	8		11	
Net loss	\$ (9,904)	\$	(5,948)	
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.20)	\$	(0.12)	
Weighted-average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	 49,429		49,094	

# Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited; in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	 2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net loss	\$ (9,904)	\$	(5,948)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Stock-based compensation	1,978		838
Non-cash lease expense	44		40
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Prepaid and other	(553)		(609)
Accounts payable	436		749
Accrued liabilities	(563)		(267)
Change in lease liability	(44)		(40)
Deferred grant revenue	_		(748)
Net cash used in operating activities	(8,606)		(5,985)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	_		358
Proceeds from exercise of common stock warrants	_		101
Net cash provided by financing activities	 _		459
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(8,606)		(5,526)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	90,765		116,737
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 82,159	\$	111,211
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities			
Cashless exercise of warrants	\$ _	\$	1,836

# Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited; in thousands)

**Three Months Ended March 31, 2022** 

	Commo	on Sto	ock	Additional Paid-In	A	ccumulated	Ste	Total ockholders'
	Shares		Amount	Capital		Deficit		Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	49,429	\$	49	\$ 202,201	\$	(114,130)	\$	88,120
Stock-based compensation	_		_	1,978		_		1,978
Net loss	_		_	_		(9,904)		(9,904)
Balance at March 31, 2022	49,429	\$	49	\$ 204,179	\$	(124,034)	\$	80,194
			Th M	 F. J. J.ML. 2		21		

		Three Months Ended March 31, 2021							
	Commo	n Sto	ock		Additional Paid-In	A	Accumulated	s	Total tockholders'
	Shares		Amount		Capital		Deficit	Equity	
Balance at December 31, 2020	48,802	\$	49	\$	195,699	\$	(82,797)	\$	112,951
Exercise of stock options for cash	88		_		358		_		358
Exercise of warrants for cash	17		_		101		_		101
Cashless exercise of warrants	459		_		_		_		_
Vesting related to unvested share liability	_		_		3		_		3
Stock-based compensation	_		_		838		_		838
Net loss			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(5,948)		(5,948)
Balance at March 31, 2021	49,366	\$	49	\$	196,999	\$	(88,745)	\$	108,303

# Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### 1. Description of Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Description of Business**

Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company," "Oncternal," or the "combined company"), formerly known as GTx, Inc., was incorporated in Tennessee in September 1997 and reincorporated in Delaware in 2003 and is based in San Diego, California. The Company is a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of novel oncology therapies for the treatment of cancers with critical unmet medical need. The Company's lead clinical program is zilovertamab, a humanized monoclonal antibody that binds to ROR1 (Receptor-tyrosine kinase-like Orphan Receptor 1). The Company is also developing ONCT-808, a CAR-T (chimeric antigen receptor T-cells) product candidate that targets ROR1, and ONCT-534, a dual-action androgen receptor inhibitor ("DAARI") product candidate for the treatment of castration-resistant prostate cancer, including those with clinically important resistance to approved androgen receptor inhibitors.

#### **Principles of Consolidation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Oncternal Oncology, Inc. and Oncternal, Inc. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Liquidity

From inception, the Company has devoted substantially all of its efforts to drug discovery and development and conducting preclinical studies and clinical trials. The Company has a limited operating history and the sales and income potential of the Company's business and market are unproven. Successful transition to attaining profitable operations is dependent upon achieving a level of revenues adequate to support the Company's cost structure.

As of March 31, 2022, the Company had \$82.2 million in cash and cash equivalents and no debt. The Company believes it has sufficient cash to fund its projected operating requirements for at least twelve months from the date of issuance of the condensed consolidated financial statements. However, the Company has experienced net losses and negative cash flows from operating activities since its inception and has an accumulated deficit of \$124.0 million as of March 31, 2022. The Company expects to continue to incur net losses for the foreseeable future and believes it will need to raise substantial additional capital to accomplish its business plan over the next several years. The Company plans to continue to fund its losses from operations and capital funding needs through a combination of public or private equity or debt offerings or other sources, including potential collaborations, strategic alliances and other similar licensing arrangements. If the Company is unable to secure adequate additional funding, the Company may be forced to make reductions in spending, including potentially delaying, scaling back or eliminating certain of its pipeline development programs, extend payment terms with suppliers, or liquidate assets where possible. Any of these actions could materially affect the Company's business, results of operations and future prospects.

As of March 31, 2022, the Company had capacity to issue up to \$50.0 million of shares of common stock under its at-the-market ("ATM") facility. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to sell any shares of its common stock under the ATM facility and no assurance regarding the price at which it will be able to sell any such shares, and any sales of shares of its common stock under the ATM facility may be at prices that result in additional dilution to existing stockholders of the Company. Through March 31, 2022, the Company has not sold any shares under the ATM.

The Company's ability to obtain additional financing (including through collaboration and/or licensing arrangements) will depend on a number of factors, including, among others, its ability to generate positive data from its clinical trials and preclinical studies, the condition of the capital markets and other risks, many of which are dependent on factors outside of its control. There can be no assurance as to the availability or terms upon which such financing and capital might be available in the future.

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying interim condensed financial statements are unaudited. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"). These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited, consolidated financial statements and include all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring accruals, which in the opinion of management are necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of the interim date and results of operations for the interim periods presented. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, filed with the SEC on its Annual Report on Form 10-K on March 10, 2022. The results presented in these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full fiscal year or any other interim period or any future year or period.

#### Use of Estimates

The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes requires it to make estimates and assumptions that impact the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Significant estimates consist of those used to determine grant revenue and accruals for research and development costs. Although these estimates are based on the Company's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, actual results may ultimately materially differ from these estimates and assumptions.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include cash in readily available checking accounts and money market accounts.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. The Company maintains deposits in federally insured financial institutions in excess of federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to significant risk on its cash balances due to the financial position of the depository institution in which those deposits are held. Additionally, the Company established guidelines regarding approved investments and maturities of investments, which are designed to maintain safety and liquidity.

#### Patent Costs

Costs related to filing and pursuing patent applications are recorded as general and administrative expense and expensed as incurred since recoverability of such expenditures is uncertain.

### Research and Development Expenses and Accruals

Research and development expenses consist of costs incurred for the Company's own and for sponsored and collaborative research and development activities. Research and development costs are expensed as incurred and include manufacturing process development costs, manufacturing costs, costs associated with preclinical studies and clinical trials, regulatory and medical affairs activities, quality assurance activities, salaries and benefits, including stock-based compensation, fees paid to third-party consultants, license fees and overhead.

The Company has entered into various research and development contracts with research institutions, clinical research organizations, clinical manufacturing organizations and other companies. Payments for these activities are based on the terms of the individual agreements, which may differ from the pattern of costs incurred, and payments made in advance of performance are reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as prepaid expenses and other assets or accrued liabilities. The Company records accruals for estimated costs incurred for ongoing research and development activities and all clinical trial expenses are included in research and development expenses. When evaluating the adequacy of the accrued liabilities, the Company analyzes progress of the services, including the phase or completion of events, invoices received and contracted costs. Significant judgments and estimates may be made in determining the prepaid or accrued balances at the end of any reporting period. Actual results could differ from the Company's estimates. At March 31, 2022, the Company's clinical trial accrual balance of \$0.7 million is included in accrued liabilities. The Company's related clinical trial expenses are included in research and development expenses of \$7.0 million and \$3.9 million at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The accounting guidance defines fair value, establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure for each major asset and liability category measured at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis. Fair value is defined as an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, the accounting guidance establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets.
- Level 2: Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The carrying amounts of the Company's current financial assets and liabilities are considered to be representative of their respective fair values because of the short-term nature of those instruments. The Company has no current financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and no transfers between levels have occurred during the periods presented.

#### Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenue from certain grant awards or a research subaward (the "Grant Awards") (see Note 4), which provide the Company with payments in return for certain research and development activities over a contractually defined period. Revenue from such Grant Awards is recognized in the period during which the related qualifying services are rendered and costs are incurred, provided that the applicable conditions under the Grant Awards have been met.

The Grant Awards are on a best-effort basis and do not require scientific achievement as a performance obligation. The Grant Awards are non-refundable. The costs associated with the Grant Awards are expensed as incurred and reflected as a component of research and development expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Funds received from the Grant Awards are recorded as revenue as the Company is the principal participant in the arrangement because the activities under the Grant Awards are part of the Company's development programs. In those instances where the Company first receives consideration in advance of providing underlying services, the Company classifies such consideration as deferred revenue until (or as) the Company provides the underlying services. In those instances where the Company first provides the underlying services prior to its receipt of consideration, the Company records a grant receivable. At March 31, 2022, the Company had grants receivable of \$1.1 million in prepaid and other assets.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense represents the fair value of equity awards, on the grant date, recognized in the period using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Company recognizes expense for awards with graded vesting schedules over the requisite service period of the awards (usually the vesting period) on a straight-line basis. For equity awards for which vesting is subject to performance-based milestones, the expense is recorded over the remaining service period after the point when the achievement of the milestone is deemed probable. The Company recognizes forfeitures for all awards as such forfeitures occur.

#### Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined on the basis of the differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company recognizes net deferred tax assets to the extent that the Company believes these assets are more likely than not to be realized. In making such a determination, management considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations. If management determines that the Company would be able to realize its deferred tax assets in the future in excess of their net recorded amount, management would make an adjustment to the deferred tax asset valuation allowance, which would reduce the provision for income taxes.

#### Segment Reporting

Operating segments are identified as components of an enterprise about which separate discrete financial information is available for evaluation by the chief operating decision-maker in making decisions regarding resource allocation and assessing performance. The Company views its operations and manages its business in one operating segment in the United States.

#### Net Loss Per Share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period, without consideration for potentially dilutive securities and adjusted for the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding that are subject to repurchase. The Company has excluded weighted-average shares subject to repurchase of zero shares and 13,000 shares from the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock and dilutive common stock equivalents outstanding for the period determined using the treasury stock and if-converted methods. For all periods presented, there is no difference in the number of shares used to calculate basic and diluted shares outstanding as inclusion of the potentially dilutive securities would be antidilutive.

Potentially dilutive securities not included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share, because to do so would be anti-dilutive, are as follows (in common stock equivalent shares; in thousands):

	Marc	March 31,			
	2022	2021			
Warrants to purchase common stock	4,235	4,278			
Common stock options	8,199	4,069			
Restricted stock unit awards	464	_			
Common stock subject to repurchase	_	10			
Total	12,898	8,357			

## Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Statements (Topic 362), which intends to improve financial reporting by requiring earlier recognition of credit losses on certain financial assets, such as available-for-sale debt securities. Subsequent to the issuance of ASU 2016-13, the FASB issued several additional ASUs to clarify implementation guidance, provide narrow-scope improvements and provide additional disclosure guidance. In November 2019, the FASB issued an amendment making this ASU effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022 for smaller reporting companies. The Company was a smaller reporting company at the determination date, and therefore the new standard will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2023. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact that the adoption of ASU 2016-13 may have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-04, Earnings Per Share (Topic 260), Debt-Modifications and Extinguishments (Subtopic 470-50), Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718), and Derivatives and Hedging-Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Issuer's Accounting for Certain Modifications or Exchanges of Freestanding Equity-Classified Written Call Options, which intends to clarify and reduce diversity in an issuer's accounting for modifications or exchanges of freestanding equity-classified written call options (for example, warrants) that remain equity classified after modification or exchange. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, including interim periods therein, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact that the adoption of ASU 2021-04 may have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

### 2. Balance Sheet Details

Accrued liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

	March 2022	*	December 31, 2021
Research and development	\$	797	\$ 779
Clinical trials		673	518
Legal fees		243	154
Compensation		1,155	1,955
Other		_	25
	\$	2,868	\$ 3,431

#### 3. Commitments, Contingencies and Related Party Transactions

#### Lease

Rent expense was \$46,000 and \$41,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

On May 22, 2019, the Company entered into a sublease agreement for office space of 4,677 square feet in San Diego, California which expired on March 31, 2021. On March 17, 2021, the Company entered into a lease directly with the landlord for the same facility (the "San Diego Lease") which expires on May 31, 2022. Base rent under the San Diego Lease is approximately \$184,000 annually and the monthly rent expense is being recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The San Diego Lease is included in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at the present value of the lease payments. As the San Diego Lease does not have an implicit interest rate, the present value reflects a 10.0% discount rate which is the estimated rate of interest that the Company would have to pay in order to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments on a collateralized basis over a similar term and in a similar economic environment. The Company recognized a net operating lease right-of-use asset and an aggregate lease liability of \$31,000 as of March 31, 2022. The weighted average remaining lease term was 0.17 years.

Maturities of the lease liability due under this lease agreement as of March 31, 2022, are as follows (in thousands):

Maturity of lease liability	Operating Lease	
2022 lease payments	\$	31
Less imputed interest		_
Lease liability	\$	31

#### Sublease

Effective April 18, 2022, the Company entered into a sublease agreement for office space of 3,748 square feet in San Diego, California which commenced on April 18, 2022 and expires on July 31, 2023 for an aggregate sublease cost of \$202,000. Such lease will be recorded during the second quarter of 2022 as a net operating lease right-of-use asset and an aggregate lease liability of \$191,000.

#### Related Party Transactions

Effective in September 2019, the Company and Shanghai Pharmaceutical (USA) Inc. ("SPH USA"), the Company's largest stockholder and an affiliate of two of the Company's directors, entered into a Materials and Supply and Services Agreement ("SPH USA Services Agreement"). Pursuant to the SPH USA Services Agreement, the Company and SPH USA have executed and expect to continue to execute various statements of work for the transfer to SPH USA of key reagents and other materials, and for the supply of certain services by the Company to SPH USA, as contemplated under and in furtherance of a license and distribution agreement between the parties (see Note 4). The Company recorded amounts receivable from SPH USA, in prepaid and other assets, related to statements of work totaling \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. The Company has an agreement with SPH USA for certain rights to the greater China area (see Note 4).

#### 4. License, Collaboration and Grant Award/Subaward Agreements

### Georgetown University ("Georgetown")

In March 2014, the Company entered into an Exclusive License Agreement (the "Georgetown License Agreement") with Georgetown, pursuant to which the Company: (i) licensed the exclusive worldwide right to patents and technologies for the development and commercialization of certain product candidates targeting EWS-FLI1 as an anti-tumor therapy for therapeutic, diagnostics, or research tool purposes, (ii) is solely responsible for all development and commercialization activities and costs, and (iii) is responsible for all costs related to the filing, prosecution and maintenance of the licensed patent rights.

Under the terms of the Georgetown License Agreement, commencing in 2015, the Company: (i) shall pay and has paid an annual license maintenance fee of \$10,000 until the first commercial sale occurs, (ii) is required to make up to \$0.2 million in aggregate milestone payments upon the achievement of certain regulatory milestones, and (iii) will be required to pay low single digit royalties based on annual net product sales. The Company accounted for the licensed technology as an asset acquisition because it did not meet the definition of a business. All milestone payments under the Georgetown License Agreement will be recognized as research and

development expense upon completion of the required events, as the triggering events are not considered to be probable until they are achieved. As of March 31, 2022, the Company had not triggered or made any milestone payments under the Georgetown License Agreement.

The Georgetown License Agreement may be terminated by either party upon material breach or may be terminated by the Company as to one or more countries with 90 days written notice of termination. The term of the Georgetown License Agreement will continue until the expiration of the last valid claim within the patent rights covering the product. Georgetown may terminate the agreement in the event: (i) the Company fails to pay any amount and fails to cure such failure within 30 days after receipt of notice, (ii) the Company defaults in its obligation to obtain and maintain insurance and fails to remedy such breach within 60 days after receipt of notice, or (iii) the Company declares insolvency or bankruptcy. The Company may terminate the Georgetown License Agreement at any time upon at least 60 days' written notice.

#### The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center ("MD Anderson")

In December 2014, the Company entered into a collaboration agreement (as amended, the "Collaboration") with MD Anderson, which provides for the conduct of preclinical and clinical research for ONCT-216 in exchange for certain program payments. If MD Anderson successfully completes all the requirements of the Collaboration in full and the program is successfully commercialized, the Company will be required to pay aggregate milestone payments of \$1.0 million based on net product sales. In July 2020 and September 2021, the Company entered into two research agreements with MD Anderson for certain services up to an aggregate cost of \$0.8 million. The Company recorded research and development expense of \$0.1 million for each of the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### Agreements with the Regents of the University of California (the "Regents")

In March 2016, and as amended and restated in August 2018, and as amended thereafter, the Company entered into a license agreement (as amended, the "Regents License Agreement") for the development, manufacturing and distribution rights related to the development and commercialization of ROR1 related naked antibodies, antibody fragments or synthetic antibodies, and genetically engineered cellular therapy. The Regents License Agreement provides for the following: (i) in May 2016, an upfront license fee of \$0.5 million was paid and 107,108 shares of common stock were issued, (ii) \$25,000 in annual license maintenance fees commencing in 2017, (iii) reimbursement of certain annual patent costs, (iv) certain development and regulatory milestones aggregating from \$10.0 million to \$12.5 million, on a per product basis, (v) certain worldwide sales milestones based on achievement of tiered revenue levels aggregating \$75.0 million, (vi) low single-digit royalties, including potential future minimum annual royalties, on net sales of each target, and (vii) minimum diligence to advance licensed assets consisting of at least \$1.0 million in development spend annually through 2021. Under the Regents License Agreement, the Company recorded: (i) none and \$25,000 in license maintenance fees as research and development expense for each of the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and (ii) nominal and \$0.2 million in patent costs as general and administrative expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As of March 31, 2022, the Company believes it has met its obligations under the Regents License Agreement.

The Regents License Agreement will expire upon the later of the expiration date of the longest-lived patent rights or the 15th anniversary of the first commercial sale of a licensed product. The Regents may terminate the Regents License Agreement if: (i) a material breach by the Company is not cured within a reasonable time, (ii) the Company files a claim asserting the Regents licensed patent rights are invalid or unenforceable, and (iii) the Company files for bankruptcy. The Company may terminate the agreement at any time upon at least 60 days' written notice.

In July 2016, and as modified by the amended and restated Regents License Agreement in August 2018, the Company entered into a research agreement with the Regents for further research on a ROR1 therapeutic development program. Under this five-year agreement that expired in June 2021, the Regents was paid an aggregate of \$3.6 million. Effective January 1, 2022, the Company entered into a Research Agreement (the "Research Agreement") with the Regents for further research on the ROR1 therapeutic development program. Under this four-year agreement that expires on December 31, 2025, the Regents will have an aggregate budget of \$1.6 million, with quarterly payments of \$125,000 in 2022, \$131,250 in 2023, and \$137,813 in 2024. The Company recorded \$0.1 million in research and development expenses under these agreements for each of the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Such costs are includable as part of the Company's annual diligence obligations under the Regents License Agreement.

## The University of Tennessee Research Foundation ("UTRF")

In March 2015, and as amended and restated in March 2022, the Company and UTRF entered into a license agreement (the "DAARI License Agreement") pursuant to which the Company was granted exclusive worldwide rights in all existing DAARI technologies owned or controlled by UTRF, including all improvements thereto. Under the DAARI License Agreement, the Company is obligated to employ active, diligent efforts to conduct preclinical research and development activities for the DAARI program to

advance one or more lead compounds into clinical development. The Company is also obligated to pay UTRF annual license maintenance fees, low single-digit royalties on net sales of products and additional royalties on sublicense revenues, depending on the state of development of a clinical product candidate at the time it is sublicensed. The Company recorded \$0.2 million and \$35,000 in research and development expenses under this agreement for each of the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As of March 31, 2022, the Company believes it has met its obligations under the DAARI License Agreement.

#### The California Institute for Regenerative Medicine ("CIRM") Award

In August 2017, and as amended and restated in December 2020, CIRM awarded an \$18.3 million grant to researchers at UC San Diego to advance the Company's Phase 1/2 clinical trial evaluating zilovertamab in combination with ibrutinib for the treatment of patients with B-cell lymphoid malignancies, including mantle cell lymphoma ("MCL"), and chronic lymphocytic leukemia ("CLL"). This study is known as CIRM-0001, or Cirmtuzumab and Ibrutinib for Relapsed Lymphoma or Leukemia (the "CIRLL study"). The Company: (i) is conducting this study in collaboration with UC San Diego, (ii) estimates it will receive \$14.4 million in development milestones under research subaward agreements during the award project period from October 1, 2017 through March 31, 2022, (iii) is committed to certain co-funding requirements, (iv) received no subaward payments in the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, and (v) is required to provide UC San Diego progress and financial update reports throughout the award period. The subaward does not bear a royalty payment commitment, nor is the subaward otherwise refundable. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company recorded revenue of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. Related qualifying subaward costs for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$0.5 million and \$1.5 million, respectively. At March 31, 2022, the Company recorded an unbilled grant receivable of \$0.6 million in prepaid and other assets. As of March 31, 2022, the Company believes it has met its obligations under the CIRM award and UC San Diego subawards.

#### The National Institute of Health ("NIH") Grant Awards

In August 2021, the NIH awarded the Company two research and development grants for up to \$2.2 million to support pre-clinical activities for the Company's ONCT-216 and ONCT-534 programs, including \$0.7 million payable to subawardees. Under the terms of the grants, the Company is entitled to receive reimbursement in arrears of incurring allowable expenditures. The earned NIH funds are non-refundable and the Company is required to provide periodic progress performance reports. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company received \$0.1 million in award payments from the NIH and recorded \$0.5 million in grant revenue and an unbilled grant receivable of \$0.5 million in prepaid and other assets.

#### Clinical Trial and Supply Agreement

In April 2018, and as amended in August 2019, the Company entered into a Clinical Trial and Supply Agreement with Pharmacyclics, LLC, an AbbVie Company, to supply ibrutinib for the CIRLL study. Such agreement does not bear any upfront costs, inventory purchase costs, milestone or royalty payment commitments or other financial obligations.

#### SPH USA, a Related Party

License and Development Agreement ("LDA")

In November 2018, and as amended in August 2020, the Company entered into the LDA with SPH USA for: (i) the territory of the People's Republic of China, Hong Kong, Macau, and Taiwan ("Greater China"), and (ii) rights to manufacture, develop, market, distribute and sell all of the Company's product candidates under the Georgetown License Agreement and the Regents License Agreement (exclusive to Greater China only). Under the LDA, SPH USA is solely responsible for: (a) all preclinical and clinical development activities required in order to obtain regulatory approval in Greater China for such product candidates, (b) any third-party license milestone or royalty payments owed under the Georgetown License Agreement and the Regents License Agreement, and (c) paying the Company a low single digit royalty on net sales in the territory.

The LDA will expire upon the expiration of the last royalty term for the last licensed product. The LDA may be terminated by: (i) SPH USA on a country by country or product by product basis with 180 days written notice, (ii) either party upon material breach that is not cured within 90 days, and (iii) either party in the event the other party declares insolvency or bankruptcy. There has been no significant activity under this agreement for each of the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 (see Note 3).

### Contingent Value Rights Agreement ("CVR Agreement")

Pursuant to the GTx merger agreement entered into in June 2019 (the "Merger"), the Company, a representative of holders of the CVRs, and Computershare, Inc. as rights agent, entered into the CVR Agreement. Pursuant to the CVR Agreement, the Company's

stockholders of record as of immediately prior to the Merger received one CVR for each share of the Company's common stock held immediately prior to the Merger.

As amended on November 1, 2021, the CVR Agreement entitles holders of CVRs to receive: (i) 50% of certain net proceeds received by the Company during the 15-year period after the closing of the Merger (the "CVR Term") from a transaction, if any, resulting in the grant, sale, or transfer of DAARI technology to a third party that occurs during the 10-year period after the closing of the Merger (or in the 11th year if based on a term sheet approved during the initial 10-year period); and (ii) 5% of net sales of products by Parent or its affiliates during the CVR Term incorporating the DAARI technology. As of March 31, 2022, no transactions or net sales relating to the DAARI technology had occurred.

#### 5. Stockholders' Equity

#### Common Stock Warrants

A summary of warrant activity and changes in warrants outstanding is presented below:

	Number of Shares Underlying Warrants	Weigl	nted-Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)
Balance at December 31, 2021	4,234,910	\$	10.50	3.31
Issued	<del>_</del>	\$	_	<del>_</del>
Forfeited	<del>-</del>	\$	_	_
Exercised	_	\$	_	<u> </u>
Balance at March 31, 2022	4,234,910	\$	10.50	3.07

All warrants met the criteria for classification in stockholders' equity. As of March 31, 2022, 469,996 warrants at a weighted-average exercise price of \$63.14 per share are scheduled to expire in September 2022.

#### **Equity Incentive Plans**

#### **Stock Option Awards**

Contemporaneous with the Merger closing: (i) private Oncternal's 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended ("2015 Plan") was assumed by the Company, and (ii) the Company adopted the 2019 Incentive Award Plan ("2019 Plan") under which the sum of: (a) 1,954,150 shares of common stock, and (b) an annual increase on the first day of each calendar year beginning January 1, 2020, and ending on and including January 1, 2029, equal to the lesser of (A) 5% of the aggregate number of shares of common stock outstanding on the final day of the immediately preceding calendar year and (B) such smaller number of shares of common stock as is determined by the Board, are reserved for issuance.

In July 2015, private Oncternal adopted the 2015 Plan which provided for the issuance of up to 631,120 shares of common stock for incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards and other stock awards to its employees, members of its board of directors and consultants. In general, the options issued under the 2015 Plan expire ten years from the date of grant and vest over a four-year period. Certain grants vest based on the achievement of development or regulatory milestones. The 2015 Plan was terminated as to new grant awards in June 2019.

The 2019 Plan provides for the issuance of shares of common stock for incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards and other stock awards to its employees, members of its board of directors and consultants. In general, the stock options issued under the 2019 Plan expire ten years from the date of grant and vest over a four-year period. Certain stock option grants vest based on the achievement of development or regulatory milestones. The 2019 Plan allows for the early exercise of all stock option grants if authorized by the board of directors at the time of grant.

On February 11, 2021, the Company's board of directors adopted the 2021 Employment Inducement Incentive Award Plan (the "Inducement Plan"). The Inducement Plan is a non-shareholder approved stock plan adopted pursuant to the "inducement exception" provided under Nasdaq listing rules. The Inducement Plan is used exclusively for the issuance of non-statutory stock options to certain new hires who satisfied the requirements to be granted inducement grants under Nasdaq rules as an inducement material to the individual's entry into employment with the Company. The terms of the Inducement Plan are substantially similar to the terms of our 2019 Plan. As amended on May 25, 2021 and December 16, 2021, the Company has reserved 2,800,000 shares of common stock under the Inducement Plan.

At March 31, 2022, 2,096,059 shares remain available for issuance under the 2019 Plan and Inducement Plan. A summary of the Company's stock option activity under the 2019 Plan, Inducement Plan and 2015 Plan is as follows:

	Number of Options	W	Veighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Agg	gregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	6,444,744	\$	5.28	_	\$	613,190
Granted	1,753,818	\$	1.94	_	\$	_
Forfeited	_	\$	_	_	\$	_
Exercised	_	\$	_	_	\$	_
Outstanding at March 31, 2022	8,198,562	\$	4.56	8.7	\$	253,486
Options vested and expected to vest as of March 31, 2022	8,198,562	\$	4.56	8.7	\$	253,486
Options vested and exercisable at March 31, 2022	2,071,323	\$	4.67	7.3	\$	207,553

For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the weighted average grant date fair value per share of option grants was \$1.54 per share and \$5.06 per share, respectively. The intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the fair value of the Company's common stock at the time of the option exercise and the exercise price of that stock option. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised was none and \$365,000, respectively.

#### Restricted Stock Unit Awards

Restricted stock unit awards ("RSUs") are rights to receive shares of the Company's common stock upon satisfaction of specific vesting conditions. The Company began issuing RSUs in the first quarter of 2022. The RSUs generally vest over a two-year period. Restricted stock unit activity under Equity Incentive Plans is summarized as follows:

	Number of Restricted Stock Units	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	_	\$
Granted	464,007	\$ 2.43
Forfeited	_	\$
Exercised	_	\$ —
Outstanding at March 31, 2022	464,007	\$ 2.43
Units expected to vest as of March 31, 2022	464,007	\$ 2.43
Units vested at March 31, 2022	_	\$

#### Stock-Based Compensation Expense

The weighted-average assumptions used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of stock option grants, were as follows:

	Three Months I March 31,	
	2022	2021
Risk-free interest rate	1.7%	0.6%
Expected volatility	100.4 %	89.9%
Expected term (in years)	6.2	6.4
Expected dividend yield	—%	—%

Expected volatility. The expected volatility assumption is based on volatilities of a peer group of similar companies whose share prices are publicly available. The peer group was developed based on companies in the life sciences industry with comparable characteristics to the Company including enterprise value, risk profiles, position within the industry, and with historical share price information sufficient to meet the expected life of the stock-based awards. The Company will continue to apply this process until a sufficient amount of historical information regarding the volatility of its own stock price becomes available.

Expected term. The expected term represents the period of time that options are expected to be outstanding. Due to limited historical exercise behavior, it determined the expected life assumption using the simplified method for employees, which is an average of the contractual term of the option and its vesting period. The expected term for nonemployee options is generally the remaining contractual term.

Risk-free interest rate. The risk-free interest rate is based on the implied yield on the U.S. Treasury securities with a maturity date similar to the expected term of the associated stock option award.

Expected dividend yield. The Company bases the expected dividend yield assumption on the fact that it has never paid cash dividends and has no present intention to pay cash dividends and, therefore, used an expected dividend yield of zero.

RSU awards represent rights to receive shares of common stock contingent upon satisfaction of specific vesting conditions. The stock-based compensation expense for these awards was determined using the closing price on the grant date applied to the total number of shares that were anticipated to fully vest.

Stock-based compensation expense recognized for all equity awards has been reported in the condensed consolidated statements of operations as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mon Marcl	ed
	2022	2021
Research and development	\$ 1,063	\$ 473
General and administrative	915	365
	\$ 1,978	\$ 838

As of March 31, 2022, the unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options was \$18.2 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.3 years.

As of March 31, 2022, the unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock units was \$1.0 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.8 years.

#### Common Stock Reserved for Future Issuance

Common stock reserved for future issuance is as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2022
Common stock warrants	4,235
Common stock options issued and outstanding	8,199
Restricted stock unit awards	464
Common stock available for issuance under the Inducement Plan and 2019 Plan	2,096
	14,994

#### 6. COVID-19 Pandemic and CARES Act

The COVID-19 pandemic has presented substantial public health and economic challenges and continues to affect economies, financial markets and business operations around the world. The pandemic may continue to directly or indirectly affect the timeline for the Company's preclinical and manufacturing activities, planned IND submissions and clinical trials, including the Company's planned global Phase 3 study of zilovertamab. The Company considered the impacts of COVID-19 on the assumptions and estimates used to prepare its consolidated condensed financial statements and determined that there were no material adverse impacts on the Company's results of operations and financial position at March 31, 2022. The full extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic will continue to directly or indirectly impact the Company's business results of operations and financial condition, will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain, including as a result of new information that may emerge concerning COVID-19 and the actions taken to contain or treat it, the success or failure of ongoing vaccination programs, the emergence and spread of additional variants of COVID-19, as well as the economic impact on local, regional, national and international markets.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the CARES Act was signed into law on March 27, 2020. The CARES Act, among other things, includes tax provisions relating to refundable payroll tax credits, deferment of employer's social security payments, net operating loss utilization and carryback periods, modifications to the net interest deduction limitations and technical corrections to tax depreciation methods for qualified improvement property, and authorized the Paycheck Protection Program. The CARES Act had no material impact on the Company's income tax provision for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The Company continues to monitor changes and revisions to the CARES Act and its impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with: (i) our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2022, and (ii) our audited financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the related Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, both of which are contained in in our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021. Except as otherwise indicated herein or as the context otherwise requires, references in this Quarterly Report to "Oncternal" "the Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc., a Delaware corporation.

#### **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this Quarterly Report, including statements regarding our future results of operations and financial position, business strategies and plans, prospective products, product approvals, research and development costs, the expected continued impact of COVID-19, timing and likelihood of success, plans and objectives of management for future operations and future results of anticipated products, are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "expects," "intends," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "continue," or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements are only predictions. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including those described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on March 10, 2022, and in Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report. The events and circumstances reflected in our forward-looking statements may not be achieved or occur and actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise.

#### Overview

We are a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of novel oncology therapies for cancers with critical unmet medical need. Our development efforts are focused on promising, yet untapped, biological pathways implicated in cancer generation or progression. Our pipeline includes:

• Zilovertamab (formerly cirmtuzumab or UC-961) is an investigational, humanized, potentially first-in-class, monoclonal antibody designed to: (i) bind to a specific functionally important epitope of Receptor tyrosine kinase-like Orphan Receptor 1, or ROR1, a growth factor receptor that is widely expressed on many tumors types and that activates pathways leading to increased tumor proliferation, invasiveness, and drug resistance in preclinical models, and (ii) inhibit ROR1 function.

After reaching an agreement regarding the study design and major study details with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, we plan to evaluate zilovertamab in our potentially pivotal Phase 3 clinical trial for the treatment of patients with relapsed or refractory MCL, which is expected to be initiated in the third quarter of 2022. The Phase 3 clinical trial ZILO-301 is entitled, "Randomized, Double-blind, Placebo-controlled, Multi-center Phase 3 Study of Zilovertamab (A ROR1 Antibody) Plus Ibrutinib Versus Ibrutinib Plus Placebo in Patients with Relapsed or Refractory Mantle Cell Lymphoma." Zilovertamab is currently being evaluated in the Cirmtuzumab and Ibrutinib for Relapsed Lymphoma or Leukemia, or CIRLL, study, a Phase 1/2 clinical trial in combination with ibrutinib for the treatment of patients with B-cell lymphoid malignancies, including mantle cell lymphoma, or MCL, and chronic lymphocytic leukemia, or CLL. As of January 31, 2022, we have completed the enrollment of patients with MCL and CLL in the Phase 1/2 CIRLL study, and those patients are completing therapy or are in long-term follow-up. In addition, we are supporting two investigator-sponsored studies being conducted at the UC San Diego School of Medicine, or UC San Diego: (i) a Phase 2 clinical trial for metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer study, including patients with resistance to approved androgen inhibitors, and (ii) a Phase 2 clinical trial of zilovertamab in combination with venetoclax, a Bcl 2 inhibitor, in patients with relapsed/refractory CLL.

• ONCT-808, our lead cell therapy product candidate, is an autologous chimeric antigen receptor T cell, or CAR-T, therapy that targets ROR1, is highly expressed by multiple solid tumors and hematological malignancies and confers both an aggressive phenotype and survival advantage to tumor cells. ONCT-808 is in preclinical development as a potential treatment for hematologic malignancies and solid tumors, and is being developed in collaboration with the Karolinska Institutet and under agreements with Lentigen Technology, Inc. (lentivirus manufacturing) and Miltenyi Biotec B.V. &

- Co. KG. (cell processing). We are performing preclinical activities to support the submission to the FDA of an Investigational New Drug Application, or IND, which we expect to submit in mid-2022.
- ONCT-534, a dual action androgen receptor inhibitor, or DAARI, product candidate is in preclinical development as a potential treatment for advanced castration-resistant prostate cancers. We plan to start GLP toxicology studies and GMP manufacturing in the second quarter of 2022.

Our pipeline previously included ONCT-216, an investigational small molecule designed to inhibit the ETS, or E26 Transformation Specific, family of oncoproteins, which had shown in preclinical studies to alter gene transcription and RNA processing that led to decreased cell proliferation and invasion. In April 2022, we deprioritized the development of ONCT-216 and stopped the enrollment of patients in a Phase 1/2 clinical trial in patients with relapsed or refractory Ewing sarcoma.

Since the inception of privately-held Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. in 2013, we have devoted most of our resources to organizing and staffing, business planning, raising capital, acquiring product candidates and securing related intellectual property rights and advancing our zilovertamab and ONCT-216 clinical development programs as well as our ONCT-808 and ONCT-534 preclinical programs. Under research subaward agreements between us and UC San Diego, we were eligible to receive \$14.4 million in development milestones during the award project period from October 1, 2017 to March 31, 2022. Through March 31, 2022, we have funded our operations primarily through: (i) gross proceeds of \$125.0 million from the issuance of common stock, (ii) gross proceeds of \$49.0 million from the issuance of convertible preferred stock, (iii) receipt of \$13.9 million in subaward grant payments received from UC San Diego, and (iv) cash proceeds of \$18.3 million received in connection with the closing of the merger with GTx, Inc. in June 2019, or the GTx Merger. As of March 31, 2022, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$82.2 million and no debt.

We have incurred net losses in each year since inception. Our ability to generate product revenue sufficient to achieve profitability will depend heavily on the successful development and eventual commercialization of one or more of our current or future product candidates. Our net loss was \$9.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and we had an accumulated deficit of \$124.0 million as of March 31, 2022. Substantially all of our net losses have resulted from costs incurred in connection with: (i) advancing our research and development programs, (ii) general and administrative costs associated with our operations, including the costs associated with operating as a public company, and (iii) in-process research and development costs associated with the GTX Merger. We expect to continue to incur significant and increasing operating losses for at least the next several years. We expect that our expenses and capital funding requirements will increase substantially in connection with our ongoing activities, particularly if and as we:

- advance zilovertamab, through clinical development in multiple indications, with a primary focus in MCL;
- advance ONCT-808 to clinical development, initially in hematological malignancies;
- advance ONCT-534 into clinical development, initially in castration resistant prostate cancer;
- respond to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, which has slowed enrollment into our clinical trials and impacted our supply chain activities;
- evaluate zilovertamab in additional ROR1-positive hematologic malignancies;
- continue to develop additional product candidates;
   acquire or in-license other product candidates and technologies;
- maintain, expand and protect our intellectual property portfolio;
- establish a commercial manufacturing source and secure supply chain capacity sufficient to provide commercial quantities of any product candidates for which we may obtain regulatory approval;
- seek regulatory approvals for any product candidates that successfully complete clinical trials;
- · establish a sales, marketing and distribution infrastructure to commercialize any products for which we may obtain regulatory approval; and
- add operational, financial and management information systems and personnel, including personnel to support our planned product development and future commercialization efforts.

We will not generate product sales revenue unless and until we successfully complete clinical development and obtain regulatory approval for our product candidates. If we obtain regulatory approval for any of our product candidates and do not enter into a commercialization partnership, we expect to incur significant expenses related to developing our internal commercialization capability to support product sales, marketing and distribution. In addition, we expect to incur additional costs associated with operating as a public company.

As a result, we believe we will need substantial additional funding to support our continuing operations and pursue our business strategy. Until such time as we can generate significant product sales revenue, if ever, we expect to finance our operations through a

combination of public or private equity or debt offerings or other sources, including potential collaborations, strategic alliances and other similar arrangements. We may not be able to raise additional funds or enter into such other agreements or arrangements when needed on favorable terms, or at all. If we fail to raise capital or enter into such agreements as and when needed, we may have to significantly delay, reduce or eliminate the development and commercialization of one or more of our product candidates or delay our pursuit of potential in licenses or acquisitions.

Because of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with product development, we are unable to predict the timing or amount of increased expenses or when or if we will be able to achieve or maintain profitability. Even if we are able to generate product sales, we may not become profitable. If we fail to become profitable or are unable to sustain profitability on a continuing basis, then we may be unable to continue our operations at planned levels and be forced to reduce or terminate our operations.

We expect that our existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to fund our operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements into the third quarter of 2023. We have based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and we could exhaust our available capital resources sooner than we expect. Beyond that point, we will need to raise additional capital to finance our operations, which cannot be assured.

#### **Business Update Regarding COVID-19**

The COVID-19 worldwide pandemic has presented substantial public health and economic challenges and continues to affect economies, financial markets and business operations around the world. The pandemic may continue to directly or indirectly affect the timeline for our manufacturing activities, planned IND submissions and clinical trials, including ZILO-301, our global Phase 3 study of zilovertamab that we plan to initiate in the third quarter of 2022. The full extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic will continue to directly or indirectly impact the our business results of operations and financial condition, will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain, including as a result of new information that may emerge concerning COVID-19 and the actions taken to contain or treat it, the success or failure of ongoing vaccination programs worldwide, the emergence and spread of additional variants of COVID-19, as well as the economic impact on local, regional, national and international markets.

#### **Components of Results of Operations**

#### **Grant Revenue**

Our grant revenue has been derived from a California Institute for Regenerative Medicine, or CIRM, grant subaward with UC San Diego and research and development grants from the National Institutes of Health, or NIH.

In August 2017, CIRM awarded an \$18.3 million grant to researchers at UC San Diego to advance the CIRLL study throughout the award project period from October 1, 2017 through March 31, 2022. We are conducting this study in collaboration with UC San Diego and have received \$13.9 million to date and have recorded \$0.6 million in unbilled grant receivable, included in prepaid and other assets, related to development milestone payments under research subaward agreements. In addition, we are committed to certain co-funding requirements and are required to provide UC San Diego progress and financial update reports throughout the award project period. We received no subaward payments in the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. As of March 31, 2022, we believe we have met our obligations under the CIRM award and UC San Diego subawards.

In August 2021, the NIH awarded us two research and development grants for up to \$2.2 million to support pre-clinical and other research activities for our ONCT-216 and ONCT-534 programs, including \$0.7 million payable to subawardees. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, we received \$0.1 million in award payments from the NIH and recorded \$0.5 million in grant revenue and unbilled grant receivable.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Research and Development

Research and development expenses consist primarily of costs incurred for the preclinical and clinical development of our lead product candidate, zilovertamab, as well as ONCT-808, ONCT-534 and ONCT-216, which include:

- expenses under agreements with consultants, third-party contract organizations, and investigative clinical trial sites that conduct research and development activities on our behalf;
- costs related to the development and manufacture of preclinical study and clinical trial material;

- salaries and employee-related costs, including stock-based compensation;
- costs incurred under our collaboration and third-party licensing agreements; and
- laboratory and vendor expenses related to the execution of preclinical and clinical trials.

We accrue all research and development costs in the period for which they are incurred. Costs for certain development activities are recognized based on an evaluation of the progress to completion of specific tasks using information and data provided to us by our vendors, collaborators and third-party service providers. Advance payments for goods or services to be received in future periods for use in research and development activities are deferred and then expensed as the related goods are delivered and as services are performed. Any unearned advances would be refunded when known.

We expect our research and development expenses to increase substantially for the foreseeable future as we continue to invest in: (i) developing our product candidates preclinically, advance them into later stages of clinical development, and as we begin to conduct larger clinical trials globally, and (ii) additional operational personnel to support our planned product development efforts. Product candidates in later stages of clinical development generally have higher development costs than those in earlier stages of clinical development, primarily due to the increased size and duration of later-stage clinical trials. The deprioritization of the development of ONCT-216 will result in lower future ONCT-216 expenses in future periods.

Our direct research and development expenses are tracked by product candidate and consist primarily of external costs, such as fees paid under third-party license agreements and to outside consultants, contract research organizations, or CROs, contract manufacturing organizations and research laboratories in connection with our preclinical development, process development, manufacturing and clinical development activities. We do not allocate employee costs and costs associated with our discovery efforts, laboratory supplies and facilities, including other indirect costs, to specific product candidates because these costs are deployed across multiple programs and, as such, are not separately classified. We use internal resources primarily to conduct our research as well as for managing our preclinical development, process development, manufacturing and clinical development activities. These employees work across multiple programs and, therefore, we do not track our costs by product candidate unless we can include them as subaward costs.

We cannot determine with certainty the timing of initiation, the duration or the completion costs of current or future preclinical studies and clinical trials of our product candidates due to the inherently unpredictable nature of preclinical and clinical development, including any potential expanded dosing beyond the original protocols based in part on ongoing clinical success and the potential effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Clinical and preclinical development timelines, the probability of success and development costs can differ materially from expectations. We anticipate that we will make determinations as to which product candidates to pursue and how much funding to direct to each product candidate on an ongoing basis in response to the results of ongoing and future preclinical studies and clinical trials, regulatory developments and our ongoing assessments of each product candidate's commercial potential. We will need to raise substantial additional capital in the future. In addition, we cannot forecast which product candidates may be subject to future collaborations, when such arrangements will be secured, if at all, and to what degree such arrangements would affect our development plans and capital requirements.

#### General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel-related costs, insurance costs, facility costs and professional fees for legal, patent, consulting, investor and public relations, accounting and audit services. Personnel-related costs consist of salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation. We expect our general and administrative expenses will increase as we: (i) incur additional costs associated with being a public company, including audit, legal, regulatory, and tax-related services associated with maintaining compliance with exchange listing and SEC requirements, director's and officer's insurance premiums, and investor relations costs, (ii) hire additional personnel, and (iii) protect our intellectual property.

#### **Interest Income**

Interest income consists of interest earned on our cash equivalents, which consist of money market funds. Our interest income has not been significant due to low interest yields earned on invested balances.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 and 2021

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
(in thousands)	·	2022		2021	Change		
Grant revenue	\$	746	\$	748	\$	(2)	
Operating expenses:							
Research and development		6,979		3,913		3,066	
General and administrative		3,679		2,794		885	
Total operating expenses		10,658		6,707		3,951	
Loss from operations		(9,912)		(5,959)		(3,953)	
Interest income		8		11		(3)	
Net loss	\$	(9,904)	\$	(5,948)	\$	(3,956)	

#### **Grant Revenue**

Grant revenue was \$0.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### **Research and Development Expenses**

The following table summarizes our research and development expenses for the periods indicated:

	Three Mor Marc	ed	Increase/
(in thousands)	 2022	2021	(Decrease)
Zilovertamab	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,646	\$ 254
ONCT-534	260	57	203
ONCT-808	864	135	729
ONCT-216	1,022	572	450
Unallocated research and development expenses	2,933	1,503	1,430
Total research and development expenses	\$ 6,979	\$ 3,913	\$ 3,066

Research and development expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$7.0 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, an increase of \$3.1 million. The increase was primarily due to a \$1.7 million increase in direct product candidate costs and a \$1.4 million increase in unallocated expenses.

Direct expenses for zilovertamab increased \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021, primarily due to an increase in preclinical activity and manufacturing development costs.

Direct expenses for ONCT-534 increased \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021, primarily due to an increase in preclinical activity costs.

Direct expenses for ONCT-808 increased \$0.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021, due to a: (i) \$0.1 million increase in preclinical activity, and (ii) \$0.6 million increase in manufacturing development costs.

Direct expenses for ONCT-216 increased \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021, primarily due to a: (i) \$0.2 million increase in preclinical activity costs, (ii) \$0.1 million increase in clinical trial costs, and (iii) \$0.2 million increase in manufacturing development costs.

Unallocated expenses increased \$1.4 million for three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021, primarily due to higher personnel costs including stock-based compensation costs.

#### **General and Administrative Expenses**

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$3.7 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, an increase of \$0.9 million. The increase was primarily due to higher personnel costs of \$0.9 million and corporate expenses of \$0.3 million which were offset by lower legal costs of \$0.3 million.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We have incurred losses and negative cash flows from operations since inception. As of March 31, 2022, we had an accumulated deficit of \$124.0 million and anticipate that we will continue to incur net losses for the foreseeable future. As of March 31, 2022, we had \$82.2 million in cash and cash equivalents. We believe we have sufficient cash to fund our projected operating requirements for at least twelve months from the filing date of this Quarterly Report. We expect our operating expenses to continue to be substantial for the foreseeable future and, as a result, we will need additional capital to fund our operations, which we may obtain through a combination of public or private equity or debt offerings or other sources, including potential collaborations, strategic alliances and other similar arrangements.

#### **Cash Flows**

The following table summarizes our sources and uses of cash for each of the periods presented:

		Three Mon Marcl		
(in thousands)	2022 2021			
Net cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities	\$	(8,606)	\$	(5,985)
Financing activities		_		459
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(8,606)	\$	(5,526)

#### Operating Activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2022, net cash used in operating activities was \$8.6 million, resulting from our net loss of \$9.9 million, which included non-cash charges of \$2.0 million primarily related to stock-based compensation expenses, offset by a \$0.7 million change in our operating assets and liabilities. The \$0.7 million change in operating assets and liabilities primarily consisted of a \$0.6 million increase in prepaid and other assets and a \$0.1 million decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

#### Investing Activities

No cash was used or provided by investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### Financing Activities

Financing activities provided net cash of \$0.5 million for three months ended March 31, 2021, which consisted of net proceeds from the exercise of common stock options and warrants.

#### **Operating Capital Requirements**

We anticipate that we will continue to incur losses for the foreseeable future, and we expect the losses to increase as we continue the research and development of, and seek regulatory approvals for, our product candidates and conduct additional research and development activities. Our product candidates have not yet achieved regulatory approval and we may not be successful in achieving commercialization of our product candidates.

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents as of May 5, 2022 will be sufficient to fund our operations into the third quarter of 2023. However, our forecast of the period of time through which our financial resources will be adequate to support our operations is a forward-looking statement that involves risks and uncertainties, and actual results could vary materially. For example, the FDA or other regulatory authorities may require us to generate additional data or conduct additional preclinical studies or clinical trials, or may impose other requirements beyond those that we currently anticipate. Additionally, it is possible for a product candidate to show promising results in preclinical studies or in clinical trials, but fail to establish the sufficient safety and efficacy data necessary to obtain regulatory approvals. As a result of these and other risks and uncertainties and the probability of success, the duration and the cost of our research and development activities required to advance a product candidate cannot be accurately estimated and are subject

to considerable variation. We may encounter difficulties, complications, delays and other unknown factors and unforeseen expenses in the course of our research and development activities, any of which may significantly increase our capital requirements and could adversely affect our liquidity.

We will require additional capital for the research and development of our product candidates, and we may be forced to seek additional funds sooner than expected to pursue our research and development activities. We expect to finance our capital requirements in the foreseeable future through a combination of the sale of public or private equity or debt securities, government funding, or other sources, including potentially collaborations, licenses and other similar arrangements. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain any sources of financing on acceptable terms, or at all. To the extent that we can raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, our stockholders may experience significant dilution. Any debt financing, if available, may involve restrictive covenants that may impact our ability to conduct our business. Any of these events could significantly harm our business, operations, financial condition and prospects.

Our forecast of the period of time through which our existing cash and cash equivalents and investments will be adequate to support our operations is a forward-looking statement and involves significant risks and uncertainties. We have based this forecast on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and actual results could vary materially from our expectations, which may adversely affect our capital resources and liquidity. We could utilize our available capital resources sooner than we currently expect. The amount and timing of future funding requirements, both near- and long-term, will depend on many factors, including, but not limited to:

- the type, number, scope, progress, expansions, results, costs and timing of our clinical trials of zilovertamab and ONCT-216, and preclinical studies or clinical trials of our ROR1 CAR-T and DAARI product candidates or additional indications of our current product candidates as well as other product candidates that we may choose to pursue in the future;
- the costs incurred as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, including preclinical, manufacturing and clinical trial delays;
- the costs and timing of manufacturing for our product candidates, including commercial manufacturing if any product candidate is approved;
- the costs of obtaining ibrutinib, for which we currently obtain supply at no cost under our clinical supply agreement with Pharmacyclics LLC to conduct our clinical trials of zilovertamab;
- the costs and capacity for third-party process development and manufacturing, including for CAR-T and lentivirus;
- the costs, timing and outcome of seeking and obtaining worldwide regulatory approvals for our product candidates;
- the costs of obtaining, maintaining and enforcing our patents and other intellectual property rights;
- the costs associated with hiring additional personnel, CROs and consultants as our preclinical and clinical activities increase;
- our ability to achieve sufficient market acceptance, adequate coverage and reimbursement from third-party payors and adequate market share and revenue for any approved products;
- the cost and timing of establishing sales, marketing, manufacturing and distribution capabilities for, and the pricing and reimbursement of, any products for which we may receive regulatory approval;
- the terms and timing of establishing and maintaining potential collaborations, strategic alliances and other similar arrangements, including milestone or other payments under our existing in-license agreements and any in-license agreements that we may enter into in the future; and
- costs associated with any products or technologies that we may in-license or acquire.

If we cannot continue or expand our research and development operations, or otherwise capitalize on our business opportunities, because we lack sufficient capital, our business, operations, financial condition and prospects could be materially adversely affected.

In April 2021, our Form S-3 registration statement became effective. Future sales of our common stock, if any, will depend on a variety of factors including, but not limited to, the expected timing for achieving key milestones, including initiating, completing and announcing results of clinical trials of zilovertamab, announcing the first-in-human dosing of ONCT-808, our lead cell therapy product candidate targeting ROR1 which is currently in preclinical development, and advancing ONCT-534, our DAARI preclinical product candidate, prevailing market conditions, the trading price of our common stock and our capital needs. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in consummating future sales of our securities based on prevailing market conditions or in the quantities or at the prices that we deem appropriate.

In December 2021, we entered into an ATM Sales Agreement (the "Sales Agreement"), pursuant to which we are able to offer and sell, from time to time, shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$50.0 million. We have no obligation to sell any shares under the Sales Agreement and may at any time suspend solicitation and offers under the Sales Agreement. Through March 31, 2022, we have not sold any shares under the Sales Agreement.

#### **Contractual Obligations and Commitments**

We are party to a number of license agreements, pursuant to which we have payment obligations that are contingent upon future events such as our achievement of specified development, regulatory and commercial milestones and are required to make royalty payments in connection with the sale of products developed under those agreements. As of March 31, 2022, we were unable to estimate the timing or likelihood of achieving the milestones or making future product sales. See Note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report for a description of these agreements.

We enter into contracts in the normal course of business with clinical trial sites and clinical supply manufacturers and with vendors for preclinical studies, research supplies and other services and products for operating purposes. These contracts generally provide for termination after a notice period and, therefore, are cancelable contracts.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("US GAAP"). The preparation of the financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported expenses incurred during the reporting periods.

Our estimates are based on our historical experience, trends and various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We consider our critical accounting policies and estimates to be related to research and development expenses and accruals, and revenue recognition. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates during the three months ended March 31, 2022, from those disclosed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies & Estimates," included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS

We are a smaller reporting company, as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures" as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file and submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives, and management necessarily applies judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, who serve as our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2022. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of such date.

#### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2022 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Inherent Limitations of Disclosure Controls and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Because of their inherent limitations, our disclosure controls and procedures and our internal control over financial reporting may not prevent material errors or fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. The effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and our internal control over financial reporting is subject to risks, including that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with our policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may be involved in various claims and legal proceedings relating to claims arising out of our operations. We are not currently a party to any legal proceedings that, in the opinion of our management, are likely to have a material adverse effect on our business. Regardless of outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources and other factors.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

An investment in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the specific factors discussed below, as well as all other information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including our financial statements, the notes thereto and the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition, operating results, prospects and ability to accomplish our strategic objectives could be materially harmed. As a result, the trading price of our common stock could decline and you could lose all or part of your investment. The risks and uncertainties we have described are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also affect our operations. The occurrence of any of these known or unknown risks might cause you to lose all or part of your investment in our securities.

There have been no material changes to the risk factors included in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

#### ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

#### **ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

Not applicable.

## EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit			Incorporatio	n by Reference	
Number	Exhibit Description	Form	File no.	Exhibit No.	Filing Date
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant dated February 6, 2004 ("Restated Certificate")	S-3	333-127175	4.1	4-Aug-05
3.1.1	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate dated May 6, 2011	8-K	000-50549	3.2	6-May-11
3.1.2	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate dated May 6, 2014	8-K	000-50549	3.3	9-May-14
3.1.3	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate dated May 6, 2015	10-Q	000-50549	3.4	11-May-15
3.1.4	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate dated December 5, 2016	8-K	000-50549	3.1	5-Dec-16
3.1.5	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate dated June 7, 2019 related to the Reverse Stock Split of the Registrant	8-K	000-50549	3.1	10-Jun-19
3.1.6	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate dated June 7, 2019 related to the Name Change of the Registrant	8-K	000-50549	3.2	10-Jun-19
3.1.7	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate dated May 25, 2021	8-K	000-50549	3.1	28-May-21
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant	8-K	000-50549	3.3	10-Jun-19
4.1	Specimen of Common Stock Certificate	10 <b>-</b> Q	000-50549	4.2	9-Aug-19
4.2	Form of Common Stock Warrant, issued by Registrant pursuant to the Purchase Agreement dated September 25, 2017, between Registrant and the purchasers identified in Exhibit A therein	S-3	333-221040	4.9	20-Oct-17
4.3	Form of Warrant to purchase shares of Series B-2 Preferred Stock of Registrant	S-4	333-230758	4.11	8-Apr-19
4.3.1	Form of Amendment to Warrant to Purchase shares of Series B-2 Preferred Stock of Private Oncternal	10 <b>-</b> Q	000-50549	4.1	9-Aug-19
4.4	Form of Common Stock Warrant, issued by Registrant pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement dated May 19, 2020, between the Registrant and the purchasers signatory thereto ("May 2020 Purchase Agreement")	8-K	000-50549	4.1	21-May-20
4.5	Form of Placement Agent Warrant, issued by Registrant pursuant to the May 2020 Purchase Agreement	8-K	000-50549	4.2	21-May-20
4.6	Form of Common Stock Warrant, issued by Registrant pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement dated July 17, 2020, between the Registrant and the purchasers signatory thereto (the "July 2020 Purchase Agreement")	8-K	000-50549	4.1	21-Jul-20
4.7	Form of Placement Agent Warrant, issued by Registrant pursuant to the July 2020 Purchase Agreement.	8-K	000-50549	4.2	21-Jul-20
4.8	Form of Underwriter Warrant, issued by Registrant pursuant to the Amended and Restated Underwriting Agreement dated August 27, 2020, between the Registrant and H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC ("H.C. Wainwright")	8-K	000-50549	4.1	31-Aug-20

4.9	Form of Underwriter Warrant, issued by Registrant pursuant to the Amended and Restated Underwriting Agreement dated November 17, 2020, between the Registrant and H.C. Wainwright	8-K	000-50549	4.1	19-Nov-20
4.10	Form of Underwriter Warrant, issued by Registrant pursuant to the Amended and Restated Underwriting Agreement dated December 9, 2020, between the Registrant and H.C. Wainwright	8-K	000-50549	4.1	11-Dec-20
10.1†	Amended and Restated License Agreement between the University of Tennessee Research Foundation and the Registrant Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. dated March 9, 2022	10-K	000-50549	10.5	10-Mar-22
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant, as required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.				
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant, as required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.				
32.1‡	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>				
32.2‡	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				
101.INS*	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document				
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document				
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document				
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document				
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document				
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document				
104*	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)				

<sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith

‡ Furnished herewith

† Pursuant to Item 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K, certain confidential portions of this exhibit were omitted by means of marking such portions with an asterisk because the identified confidential portions (i) are not material and (ii) would be competitively harmful if publicly disclosed.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc.				
Date: May 5, 2022	Ву:	/s/ James B. Breitmeyer			
		Name: James B. Breitmeyer			
		Title: President and Chief Executive Officer			
Date: May 5, 2022	Ву:	/s/ Richard G. Vincent			
		Name: Richard G. Vincent			
		Title: Chief Financial Officer			
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## CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, James B. Breitmeyer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the consolidated financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ James B. Breitmeyer
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: May 5, 2022

## CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, Richard G. Vincent, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the consolidated financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Richard G. Vincent Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Dated: May 5, 2022

#### CERTIFICATION

# Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code)

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company") for the period ended March 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, James B. Breitmeyer, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ James B. Breitmeyer
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: May 5, 2022

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing. A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

#### **CERTIFICATION**

# Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code)

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company") for the period ended March 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Richard G. Vincent, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Richard G. Vincent Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Dated: May 5, 2022

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing. A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.