



# TARGETING CANCER

**New Science. New Cancer Therapies. New Hope.**

Company Overview – April 2024

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains forward-looking statements (including within the meaning of §21E of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and § 27A of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended). Forward-looking statements, which generally include statements regarding goals, plans, intentions and expectations, are based upon current beliefs and assumptions of Oncternal Therapeutics, Inc. (“Oncternal”) and are not guarantees of future performance. Statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements, and include statements regarding the expected timing for achieving key milestones, the timing of regulatory communications and completing and announcing results of clinical trials of Oncternal’s product candidates, the anticipated market potential, duration of patent coverage, ability to obtain and maintain favorable regulatory designations, potential accelerated approval pathways for Oncternal’s product candidates and preclinical programs, and Oncternal’s anticipated cash runway.

All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, including risks and uncertainties inherent in Oncternal’s business, including risks associated with the clinical development and process for obtaining regulatory approval of Oncternal’s product candidates such as potential delays in the commencement, enrollment and completion of clinical trials; the risk that results seen in a case study of one patient likely will not predict the results seen in other patients in the clinical trial; the risk that interim results of a clinical trial do not predict final results and that one or more of the clinical outcomes may materially change as patient enrollment continues, following more comprehensive reviews of the data, as follow-up on the outcome of any particular patient continues, and as more patient data become available; and other risks described in Oncternal’s filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Except as required by applicable law, Oncternal undertakes no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statement. All forward-looking statements in this presentation are current only as of the date on which the statements were made. Additional factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements are discussed in Oncternal’s filings with the SEC.

ONCT-534, ONCT-808 and zilovertamab are investigational product candidates that have not been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for any indication.

This presentation includes certain information obtained from trade and statistical services, third-party publications, and other sources. Oncternal has not independently verified such information and there can be no assurance as to its accuracy.

## **ONCT-534: DUAL-ACTION ANDROGEN RECEPTOR INHIBITOR (DAARI)**

- Third cohort (160mg dosing level) dosed in Phase 1/2 dose escalation study in R/R mCRPC
- Received Fast-Track designation from U.S. FDA
- Activity in preclinical prostate cancer models of androgen receptor inhibitor resistance, including AR mutations, AR overexpression and AR splice variants such as AR-V7

## **ONCT-808: AUTOLOGOUS CAR T CELL THERAPY TARGETING ROR1**

- Encouraging clinical activity in Phase 1/2 clinical study in aggressive B-cell NHL, including CD19 CAR T treatment failures
- Implemented revised dosing levels and eligibility criteria following consultation with FDA
- Robust and scalable manufacturing process using closed system

## **ZILOVERTAMAB: POTENTIALLY FIRST-IN-CLASS MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY TARGETING ROR1**

- Encouraging 100% PFS for patients with CLL and TP53 aberrations being further investigated
- Discussions ongoing with BTK inhibitor developers

## **MULTIPLE CATALYSTS WITHIN CASH RUNWAY PERIOD**

- ONCT-534 Phase 1/2 dose escalation study in R/R mCRPC initial data in 2Q 2024
- ONCT-808 clinical data update in aggressive B-cell NHL in mid 2024
- Cash and short-term investments of \$34.3M as of December 31, 2023, cash runway into 2025

# Experienced Team



**James Breitmeyer, MD, PhD**  
*CEO, Founder, Director*



**Richard Vincent**  
*CFO*



**Salim Yazji, MD**  
*CMO*



**Raj Krishnan, PhD**  
*CTO/CSO*



**Chase Leavitt**  
*General Counsel*



**Pablo Urbaneja**  
*SVP, Corporate Development*



**David Hale**  
*Co-founder  
Board Chairman*



**Michael Carter, MB**  
*Director*



**Jill DeSimone**  
*Director*



**Daniel Kisner, MD**  
*Director*



**Rosemary Mazanet, MD, PhD**  
*Director*



**Bill LaRue**  
*Director*



**Xin Nakanishi, PhD**  
*Director*






**Charles Theuer, MD, PhD**  
*Director*



**Robert Wills, PhD**  
*Director*



# Robust Pipeline – Novel Product Candidates in Multiple Indications

Modality	Product Candidate	Indication	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3
Dual-Action AR Inhibitor	ONCT-534	Prostate Cancer				
				Patients Treated		
ROR1 Cell Therapy	ONCT-808 (Autologous CAR T)	Aggressive B-cell NHL				
				Patients Treated		
ROR1 mAb	Zilovertamab	Hematological Malignancies and Solid Tumors (ISTs)				
					Seeking Partnership	

# Table of Contents

## **ONCT-534: DUAL-ACTION ANDROGEN RECEPTOR INHIBITOR (DAARI)**

**ONCT-808: ROR1 TARGETED CELL THERAPY**

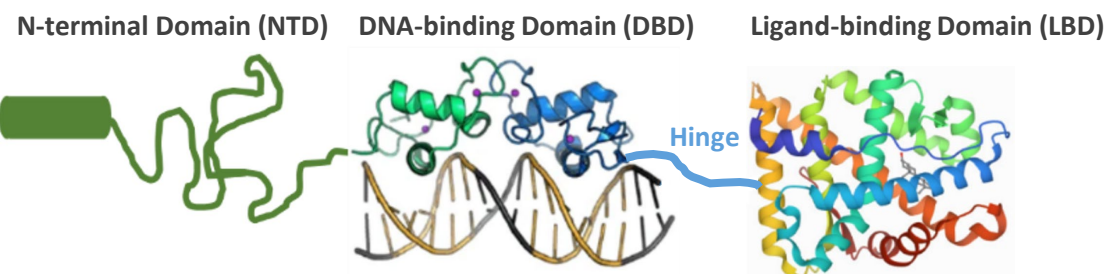
**ZILOVERTAMAB: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY TARGETING ROR1**

**FINANCIAL INFO AND UPCOMING MILESTONES**



## Differentiated Mechanism of Action

- ONCT-534 acts on both the N-terminal domain (NTD) and the ligand-binding domain (LBD) of the androgen receptor (AR) and induces AR protein degradation
  - NTD binding essential for activity against splice-variants
- Current standard of care treatments, such as enzalutamide or apalutamide, bind to LBD only



## Potential to address unmet needs in prostate cancer

- Potential next-generation treatment option for patients with R/R metastatic prostate cancer
- Compelling preclinical efficacy in vitro and in vivo
  - Activity against enzalutamide-sensitive and resistant models, including AR overexpression, LBD mutants, splice variants tumors
- Dose escalation portion of Phase 1/2 Study ONCT-534-101 in patients with mCRPC ongoing; received Fast Track designation by U.S. FDA in October 2023
- Potential in other AR-driven disease, including luminal AR-triple negative breast cancer (LAR-TNBC) and non-oncology rare disease indication

**Johann de Bono, M.D., Ph.D.**

*Regius Professor of Cancer Research at The Institute of Cancer Research, London*

- Director of the joint Drug Development Unit at The ICR and The Royal Marsden NHS Foundation Trust, London
- Lead trials of abiraterone, cabazitaxel, enzalutamide and multiple PARPi

**Evan Yu, M.D.**

*Professor and Section Head of Medical Oncology at the Fred Hutch Cancer Center*

- Medical Director of Clinical Research Support for the Fred Hutch Children's Cancer Consortium
- Focused on personalized-medicine approach and the discovery of unique prostate cancer biomarkers

**Matthew Smith, M.D., Ph.D.**

*Director of the Genitourinary Oncology Program at Mass General*

- Internationally recognized expert in prostate cancer and authored >150 peer-reviewed articles
- Lead investigator in darolutamide pivotal study

**Scott Dehm, Ph.D.**

*Professor in Cancer Research at the University Minnesota*

- Research focused on the role of AR and alterations in AR signaling in prostate cancer development and progression and re-activation the androgen/AR pathway

**Howard Soule, Ph.D. – pro-bono advisor**  
*Executive Vice President & Chief Science Officer at the Prostate Cancer Foundation*

- Senior fellow of the Milken Institute, and member of the DoD Prostate Cancer Research Program
- Vice president and managing director of CaP CURE

**Gunnar Kaufmann, Ph.D.**

*SVP and CSO and Head of Open Innovation at Kyowa Kirin, Inc.*

- Former CSO at Oncternal, and Adjunct Assistant Professor at The Scripps Research Institute
- Led ONCT-534 preclinical development

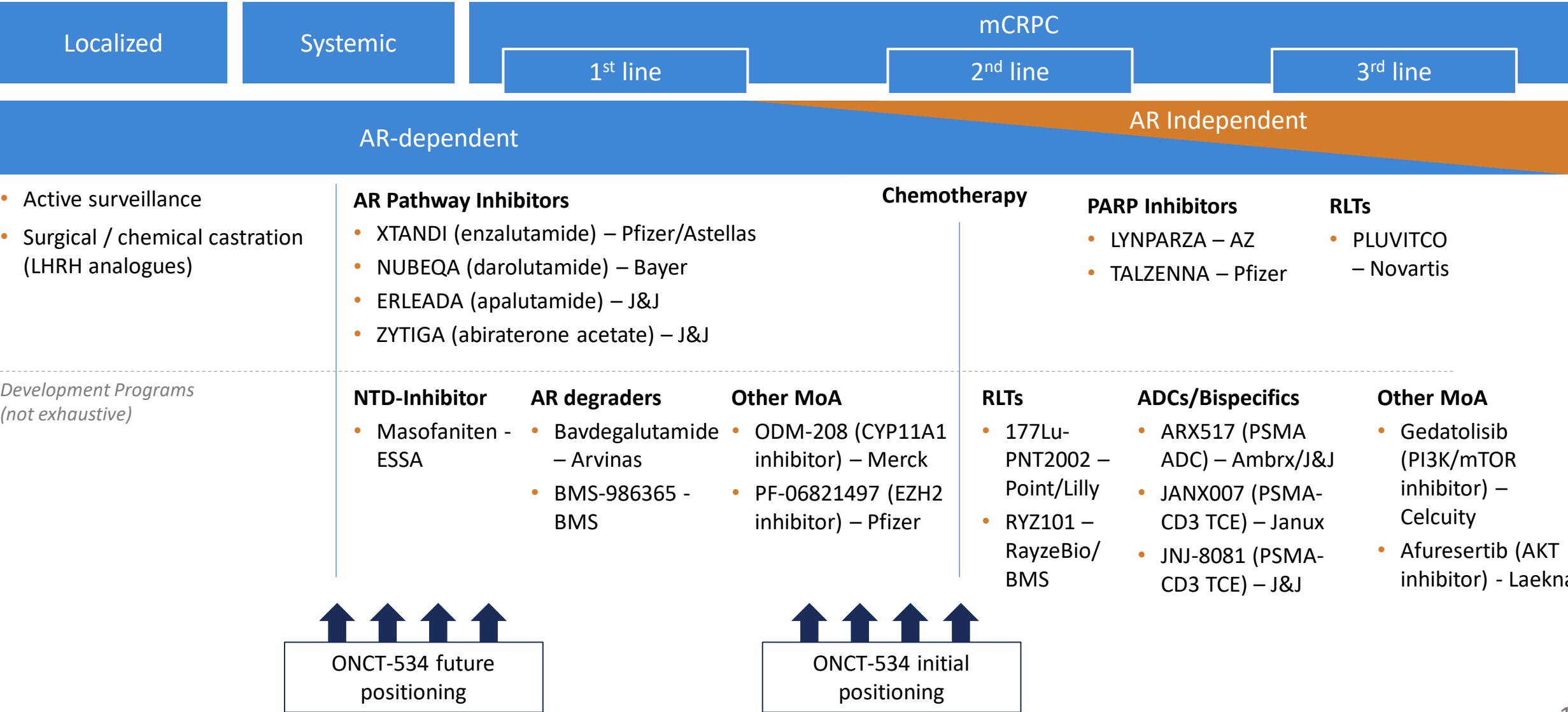


# ONCT-534 Differentiated vs other AR-targeting Therapeutic Agents

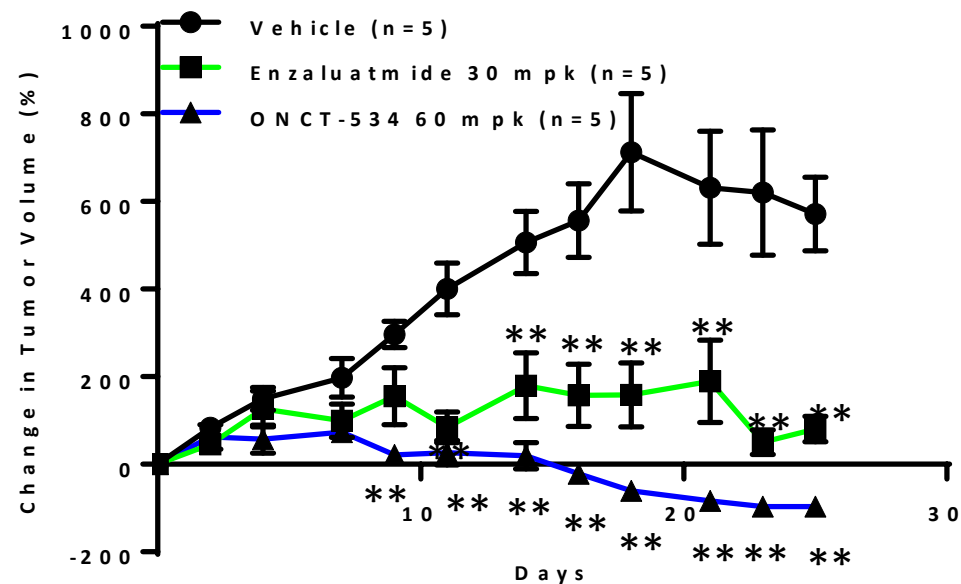
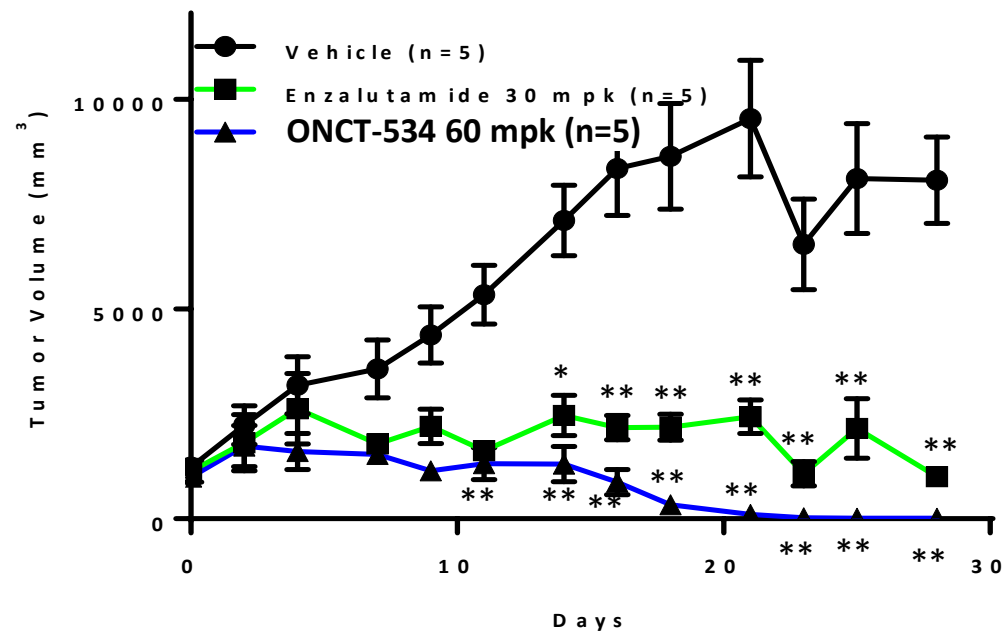
	AR antagonist	PROTAC	ANITEN	DAARI
Examples	Enzalutamide (Pfizer) Apalutamide (J&J) Darolutamide (Bayer)	ARV-110 (Arvinas)	EPI-7386 (ESSA)	ONCT-534
First-in-class Molecule	X	✓	✓	✓
AR Degradation	X	✓	X	✓
N-terminal domain Binding	X	X	✓	✓
Active against AR LBD Mutants	certain mutants <sup>1,2</sup>	certain mutants <sup>3</sup>	?	✓
Active in ENZA-resistant in vivo models	darolutamide	✓	✓	✓
Active in AR-overexpressing in vivo models	✓	✓	✓	✓
Active in AR-SV expressing in vivo models	X	X	?	✓
Active in CRPC models using intact rodents	apalutamide <sup>4</sup>	✓	?	✓

✓ = Yes, X = No, ? = Unknown

## Prostate Cancer Treatment Paradigm



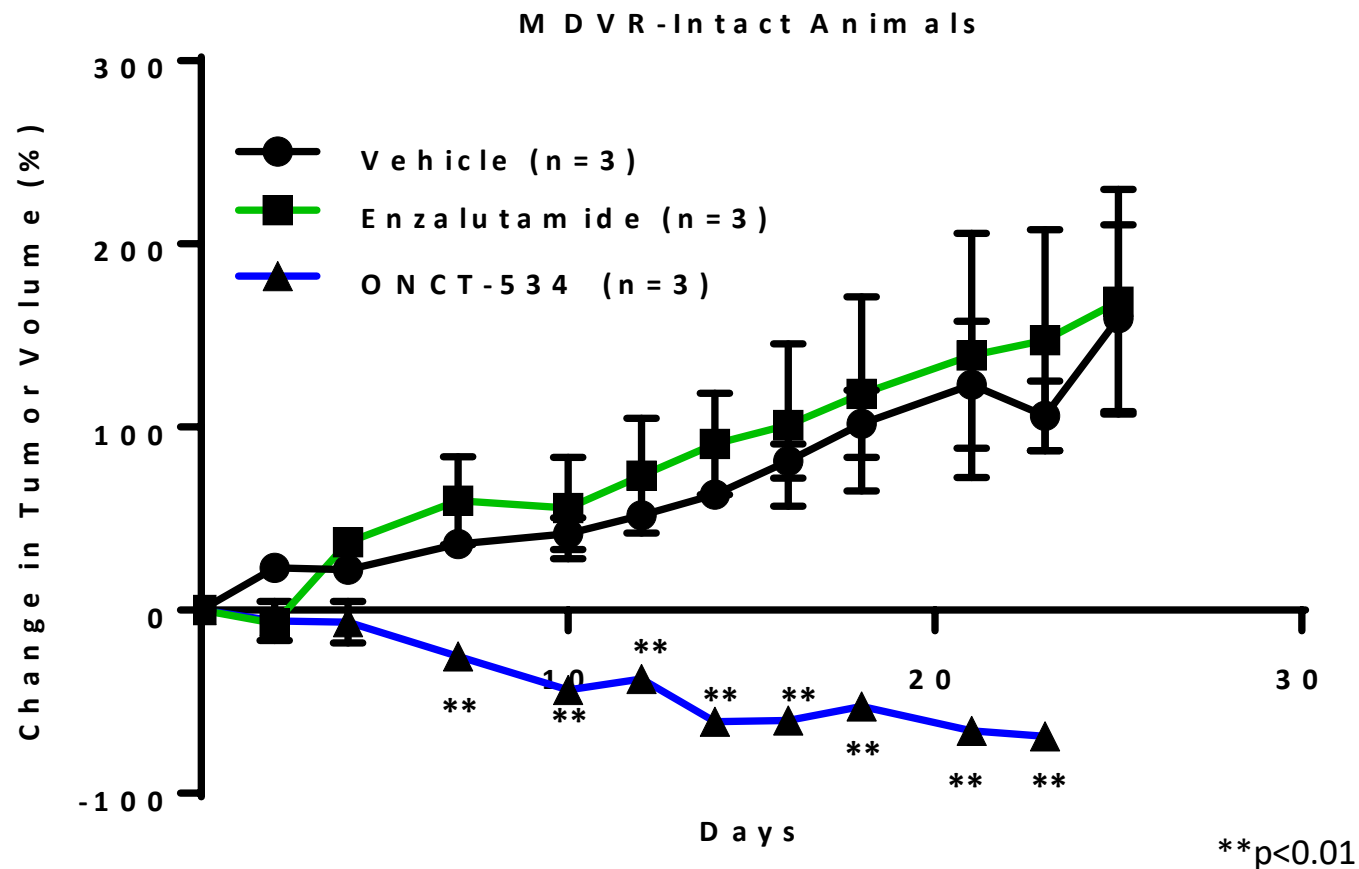
# ONCT-534 Exhibits Anti-tumor Activity in an ENZA-Sensitive, AR-overexpressing VCaP Model in Castrated Male Rats



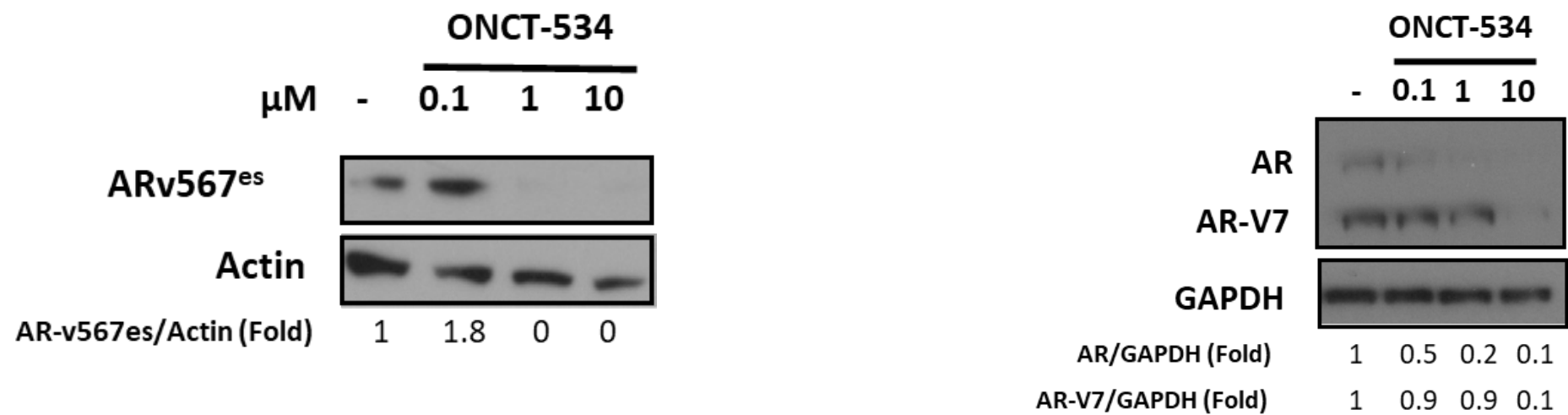
\*\*p<0.01

ONCT-534 is active against prostate cancer models expressing high levels of a native sequence AR

# ONCT-534 Exhibits Anti-tumor Activity in ENZA-Resistant MDVR VCaP Model in Uncastrated Male Rats



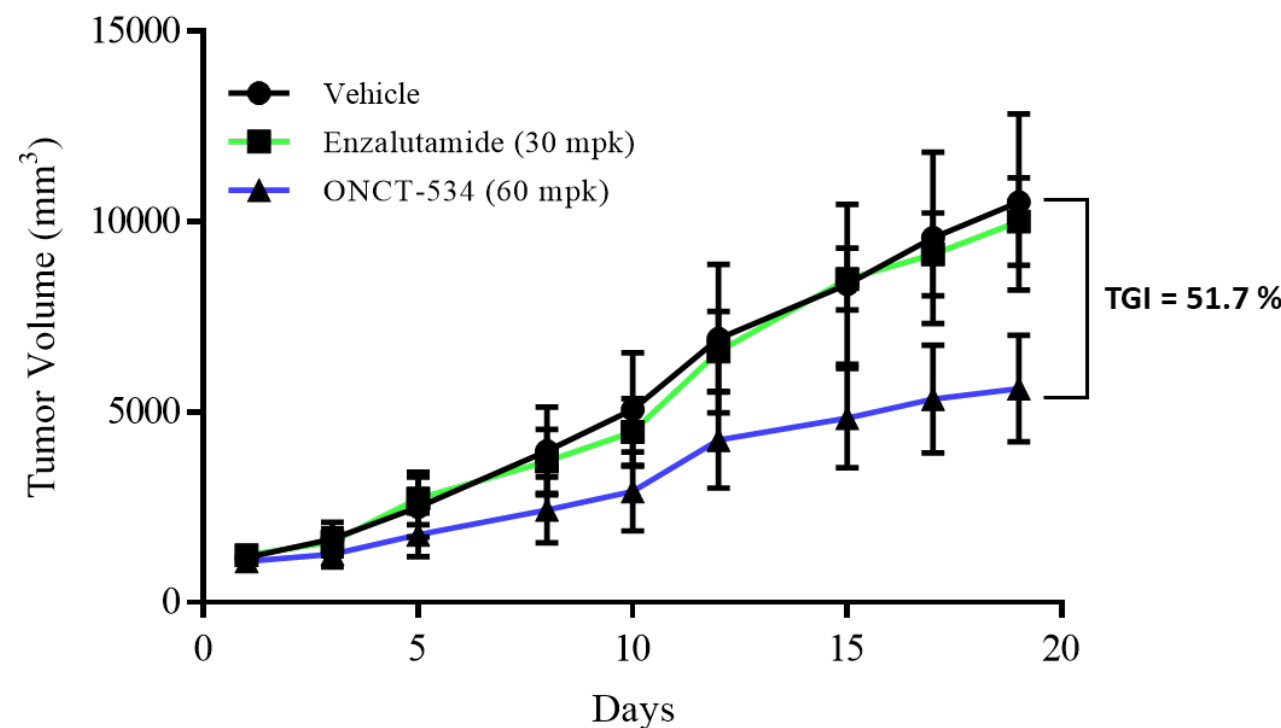
ONCT-534 is active against enzalutamide-resistant MDVR prostate cancer model, even in the presence of normal androgen levels



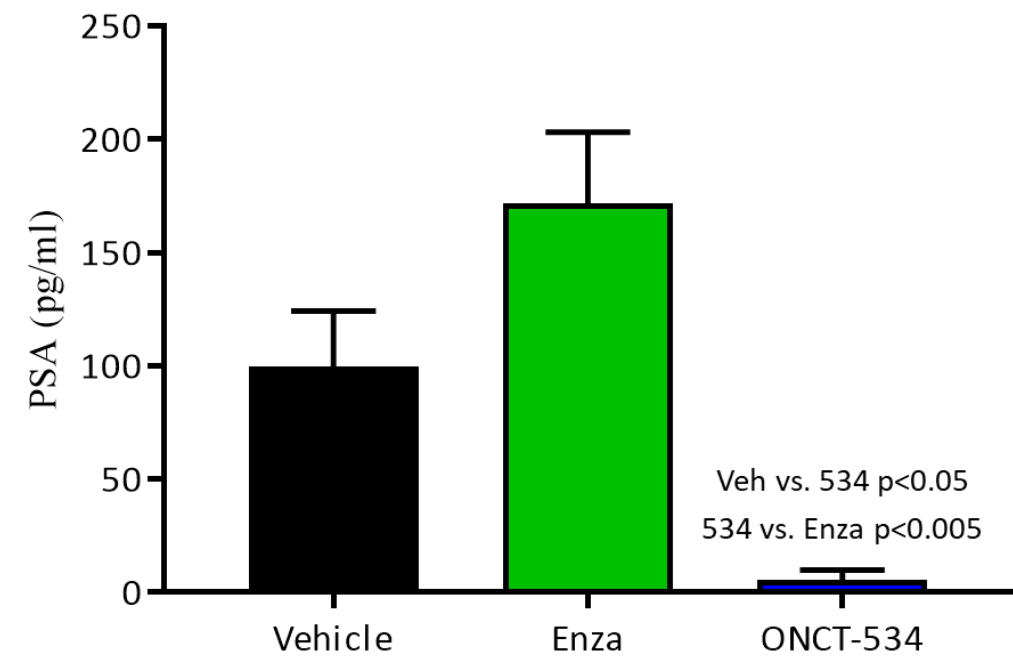
- ONCT-534 induces degradation of both native AR and splice variants ARv567<sup>es</sup> and AR-V7 lacking the AR LBD
- Other studies show degradation is ubiquitin dependent

# ONCT-534 Exhibits Anti-tumor Activity in AR-V7-Splice Variant Positive 22Rv1 CRPC Model

Change in Tumor Volume



Reduction in Serum PSA levels

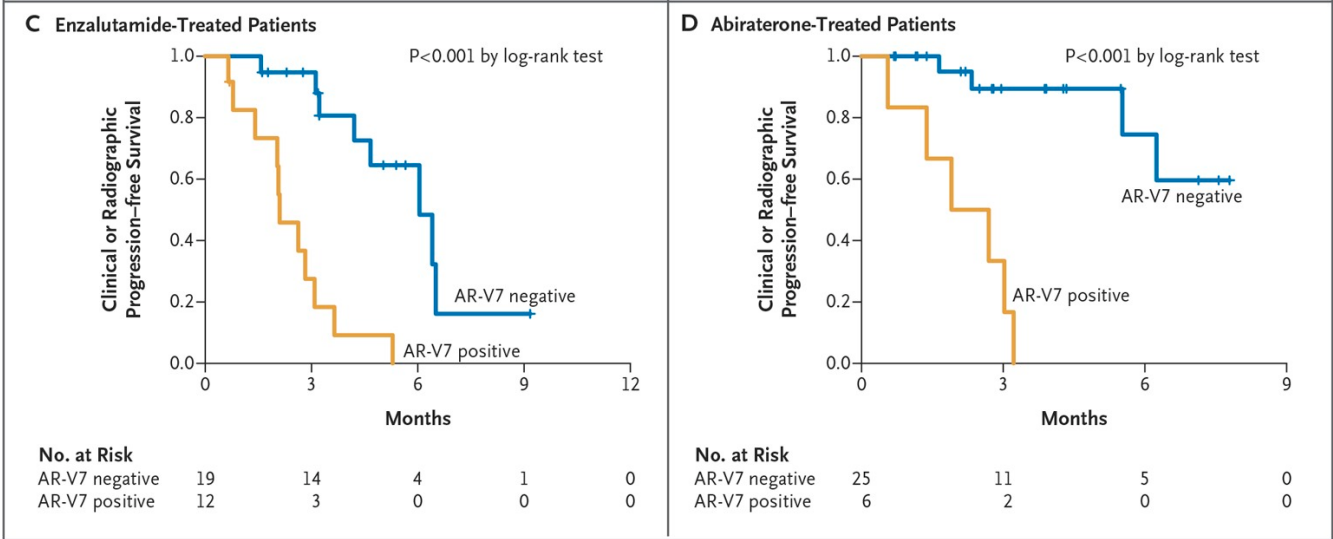
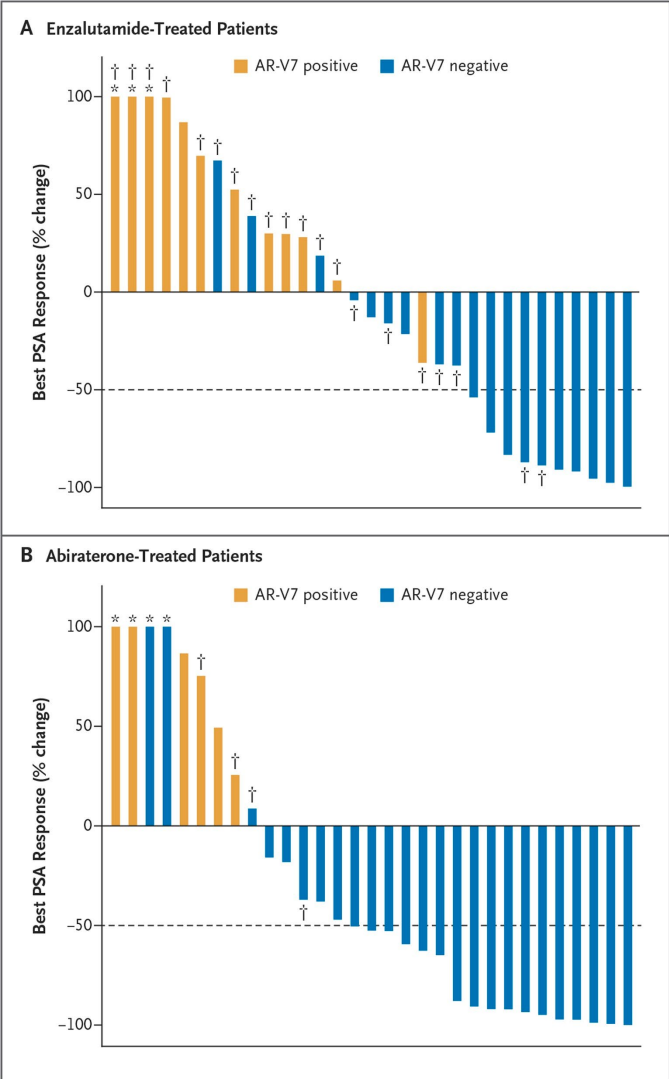


ONCT-534 is active against splice variant prostate cancer models lacking the LBD & enzalutamide is inactive

- Note: model is mixed AR dependent and AR independent, 50% is maximal AR dependent growth



# AR-V7 Splice Variant with Loss of AR-LBD Associated with Poor Outcomes



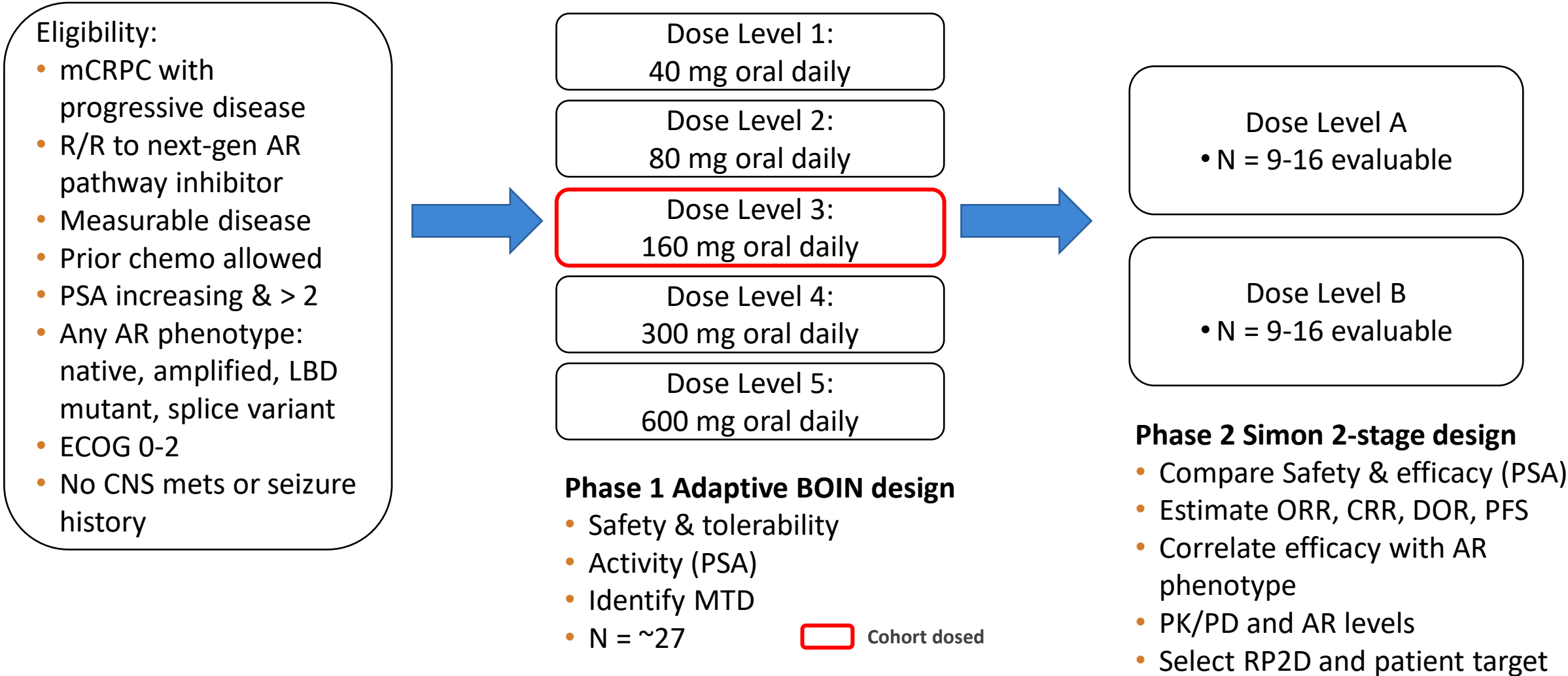
Treatment <sup>1</sup>	Baseline AR-V7+	Response						
		AR-V7 status	PSA50	P- value	rPFS	P- value	OS (95% CI)	P value
Abiraterone (N=31)	19% (6/31)	+	0% (0/6)	.004	2.3 mos	<.001	10.6 mos (8.5–NR)	.002
		–	68% (17/25)		>6.3 mos		>11.9 mos (11.9–NR)	
Enzalutamide (N=31)	39% (12/31)	+	0% (0/12)	.004	2.1 mos	<.001	5.5 mos (3.9–NR)	.006
		–	53% (10/19)		6.1 mos		NR (NR–NR)	

Patient Treatment Status <sup>2</sup>	Before enzalutamide or abiraterone	Post enzalutamide	Post abiraterone	Post abiraterone & enzalutamide
AR-V7 Prevalence	12%	25%	51%	67%

CRPC=castration-resistant prostate cancer; CTC=circulating tumor cell; M1=metastatic disease; NR=not reached; OS=overall survival; PSA=prostate specific antigen; rPFS=radiographic progression-free survival. 1. Antonarakis ES et al. NEJM. 2014;10.1056/NEJMoa1315815. 2. Antonarakis ES et al. ASCO 2014

Antonarakis NEJM 2014

Concepcion, Raoul S. “AR-V7 Predicts Response in CRPC” November 9, 2018.



mCRPC: metastatic castrate resistant prostate cancer; Androgen Receptor pathway inhibitor: enzalutamide, darolutamide, apalutamide, abiraterone; LBD: AR ligand binding domain; MTD: Maximum Tolerated Dose; RP2D: Recommended Phase 2 Dose; ORR: Objective Response Rate; CRR: Complete Response Rate; DOR: Duration of Response

# Table of Contents

**ONCT-534: DUAL-ACTION ANDROGEN RECEPTOR INHIBITOR (DAARI)**

**ONCT-808: ROR1 TARGETED CELL THERAPY**

**ZILOVERTAMAB: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY TARGETING ROR1**

**FINANCIAL INFO AND UPCOMING MILESTONES**

# ROR1 (Receptor Tyrosine Kinase-Like Orphan Receptor 1)

*Compelling Tumor-Specific Target*

- Expressed on **most B-cell malignancies**, including
  - diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), mantle cell lymphoma (MCL)
- Expressed on **many solid tumors**
  - Increased ROR1 expression associated with more aggressive tumors, shorter PFS and OS
- ROR1 activity associated with **aggressive phenotype**
  - Invasion, metastasis, stem cell-like behavior, and resistance to treatment
- **Oncternal ROR1 pipeline differentiated and advancing**
  - Deep target biology expertise & immunotherapy experience



## ROR1 Expressed on Multiple Solid and Liquid Tumors

CLL	95%
MCL	95%
Uterus	96%
Lymphoma	90%
Prostate	90%
Skin	89%
Pancreatic	83%
Adrenal	83%
Lung	77%
Breast	75%
Testicular	73%
Colon	57%
Ovarian	54%

Green 2008 Trends Cell Biol. 2008; Matsuda T 2001 Mech Dev.; Fukuda 2008 PNAS; Hudecek 2010 Blood; Zhang 2012 Am J Pathology; Zhang 2014 PNAS

Zhang 2012 AJP

### Michael Wang, MD

*Endowed Professor in the Department of Lymphoma & Myeloma at MD Anderson Cancer Center*

- Director of the Mantle Cell Lymphoma Program of Excellence and Co-Director of the B-Cell Lymphoma Moon Shot Program at MD Anderson Cancer Center
- Lead PI in Tecartus® registrational study
- Over 200 peer-reviewed publications

### Angela Shen, MD, MBA

*Clinical and Translational Market Sector Leader  
Mass General Brigham; CMO Walking Fish*

- Deep clinical, regulatory, and strategic expertise in autologous and allogeneic cell therapies
- Experienced CMO in the cell therapy biotech space
- Led clinical team responsible for designing and launching Kymriah® registrational study

### Marcela Maus, MD, PhD

*Associate Professor, Medicine, Harvard Medical School  
Director of Cellular Immunotherapy, Cancer Center,  
Massachusetts General Hospital*

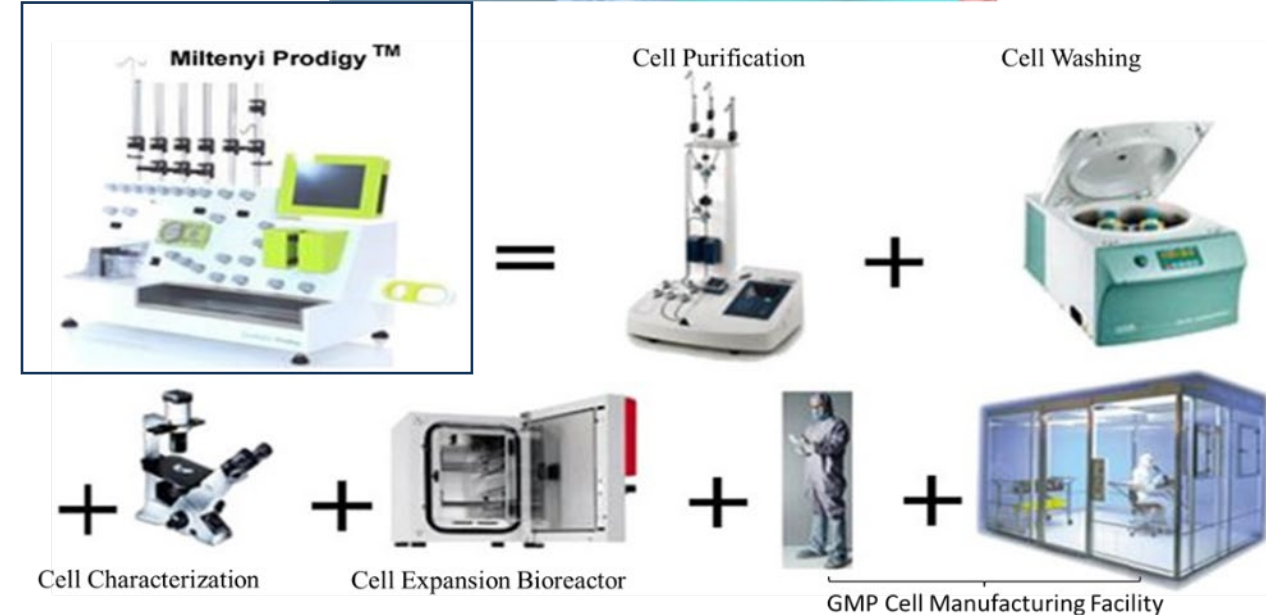
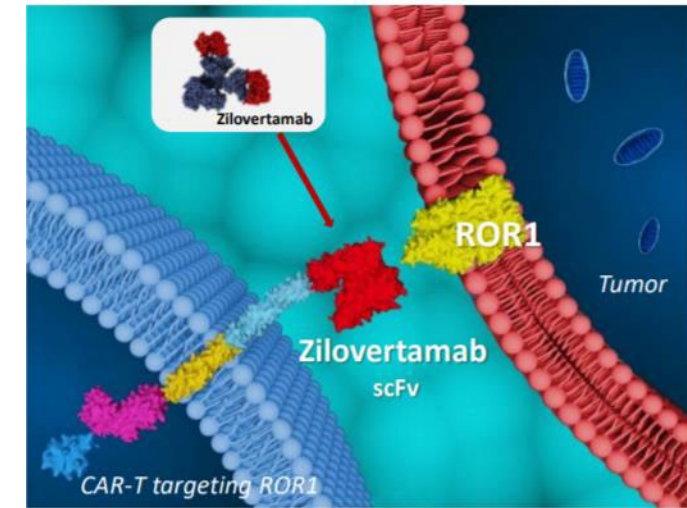
- Translational physician-scientist in cancer immunology
- Lab focuses on the design, generation, and use of innovative forms of immune cell engineering
- Trained in the laboratories of Drs. Katherine High, Michel Sadelain, and Carl June

### Sadik Kassim, PhD

*CTO (Genomic Medicines) Danaher Corporation*

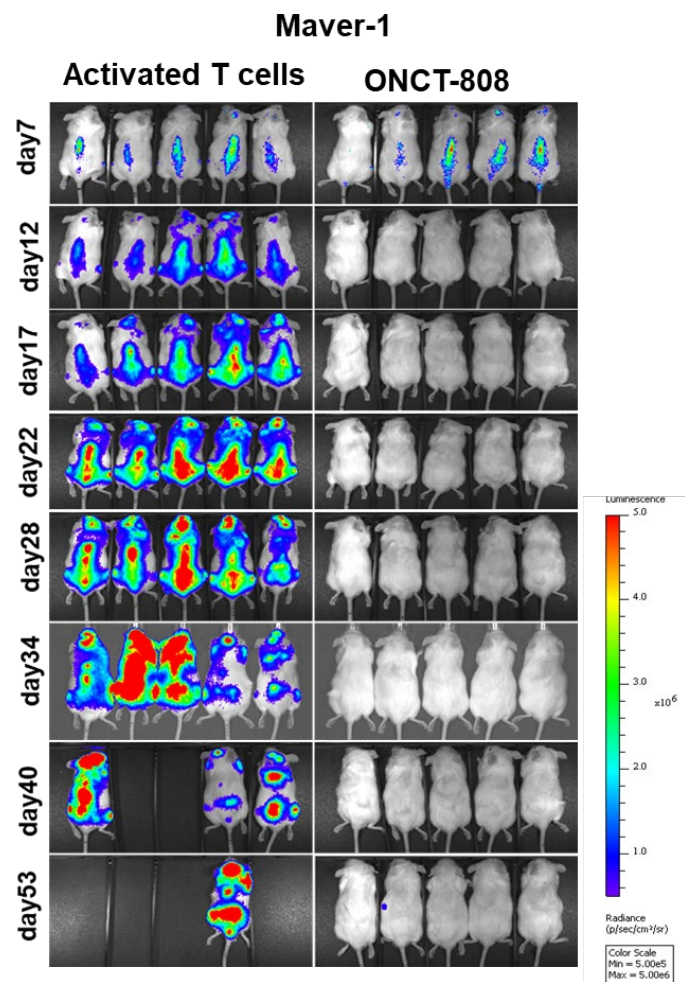
- Chief Technology Officer at Vor Biopharma
- Chief Scientific Officer at Mustang Bio
- Led the BLA and MAA CMC efforts for Kite's Tecartus®
- Former Head of Early Analytical Development for Novartis' Cell and Gene Therapies Unit
- Scientific news editor of Human Gene Therapy journal

1. ROR1 targeting CAR construct optimized with demonstrated high potency against ROR1+ cancer cells
2. Lentivirus production process completed
3. Oncternal ROR1 CAR T cell product process optimized and confirmed
  - Flexible, closed, fully-automated Prodigy system eliminates manual processing
  - ≤ 8-day production process
  - Up to 2 billion CAR+ T cells produced
  - Encouraging CAR T cell phenotypes likely to persist and expand



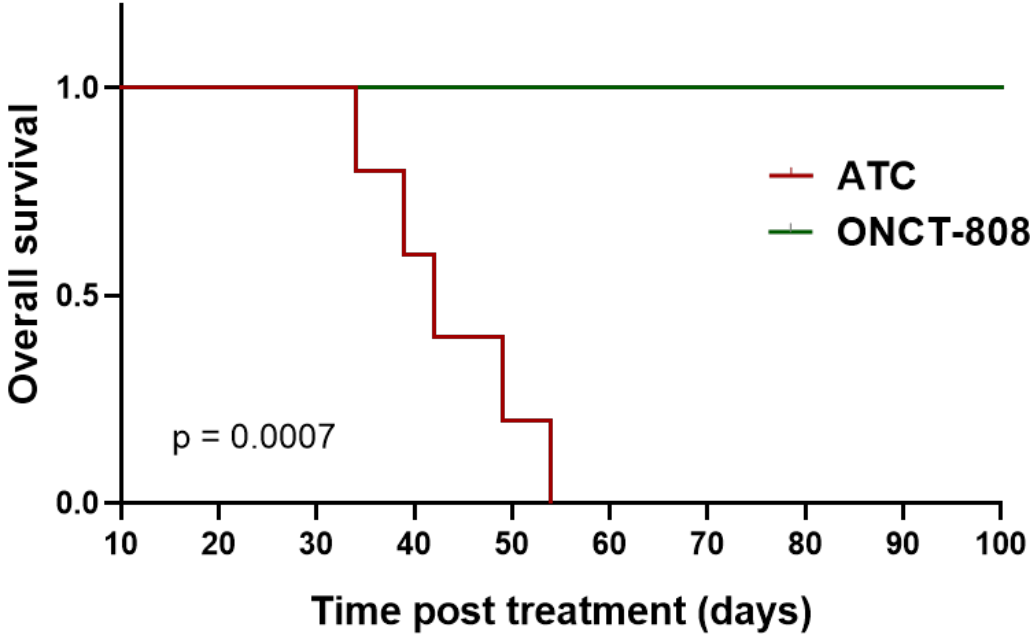


# ONCT-808 Exhibits Anti-Tumor Activity in ROR1+ Model: Maver-1 MCL Xenograft



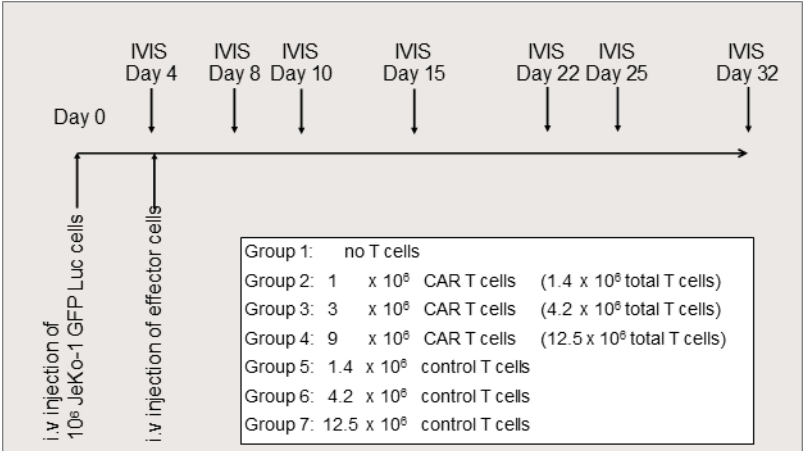
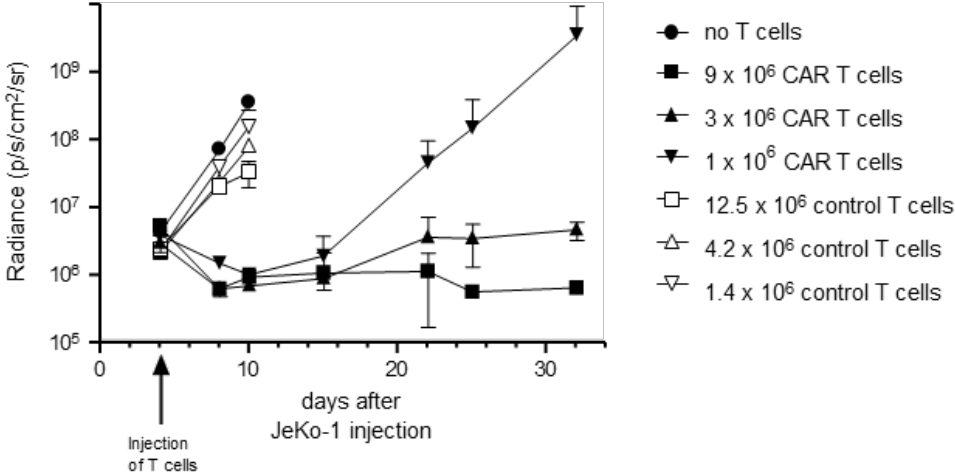
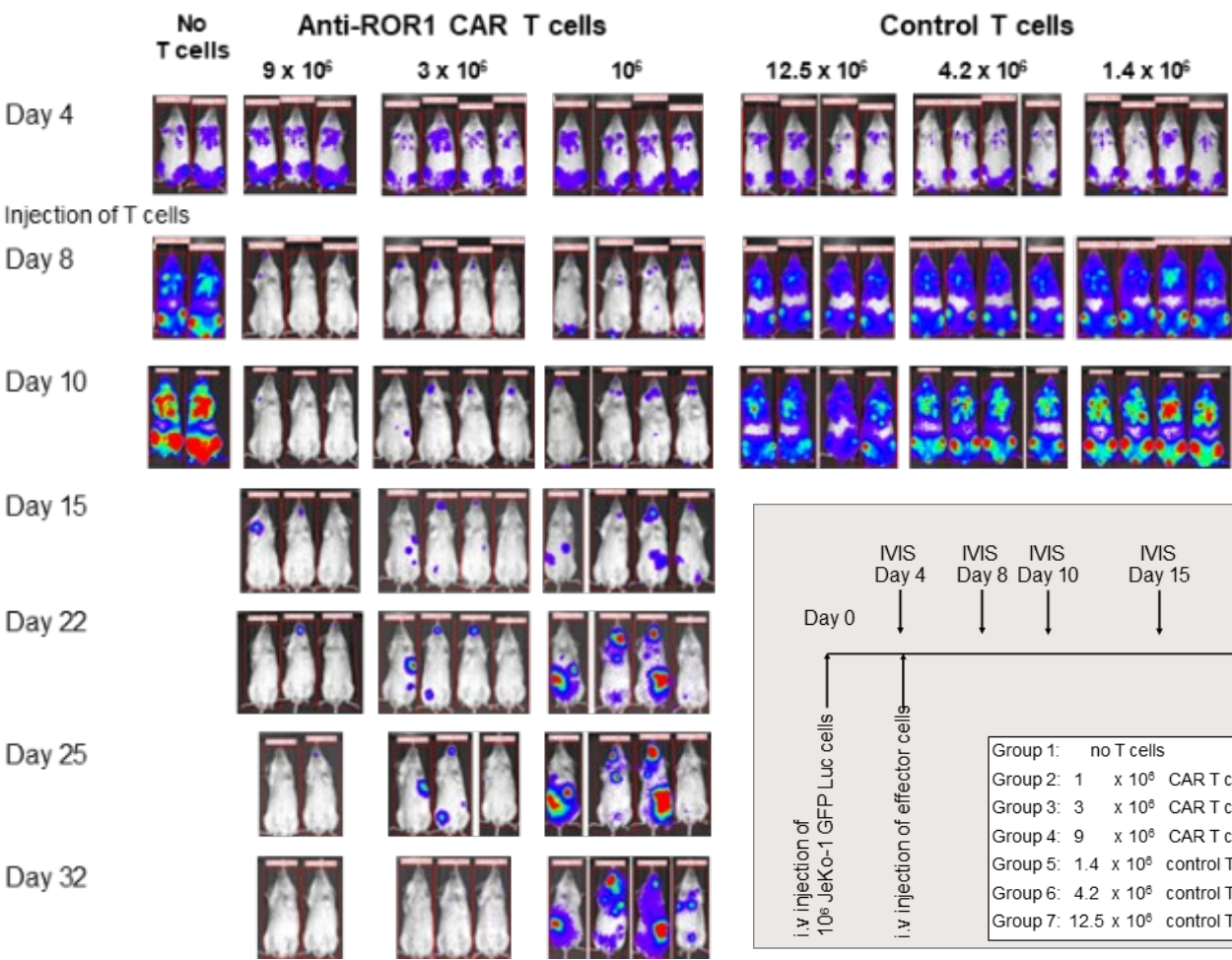
Maver FF-luc ( $2 \times 10^6$  cells per mouse, 5 mice per treatment arm)

- a. Activated T cells ( $6 \times 10^6$  cells per mouse)
- b. ONCT-808 CAR T cells ( $6 \times 10^6$  CAR+ cells per mouse)



*Collaboration with  
Dr. Michael Wang (MDACC)*

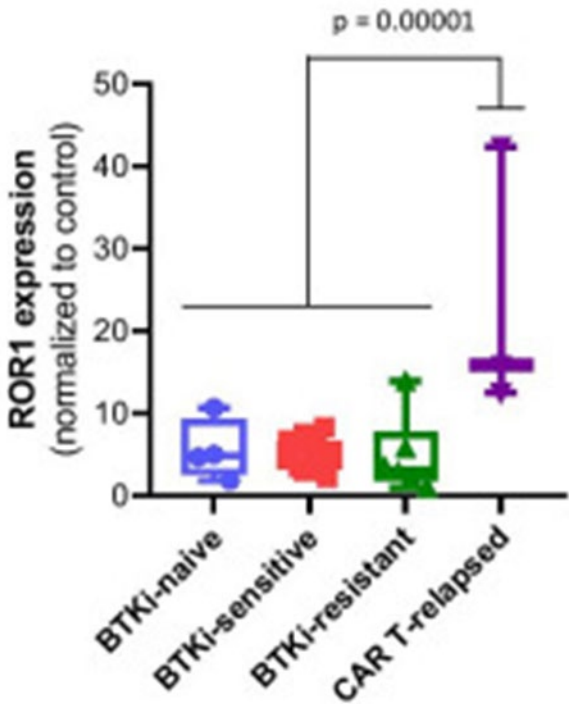
# ONCT-808 Exerts Anti-Tumor Activity in ROR1+ Model: Jeko-1 MCL



Data generated in collaboration with Dr. Evren Alici (Karolinska Institutet), presented at EHA 2022

- Strong anti-tumor activity of ROR1 CAR T cells demonstrated in MCL xenograft mouse model

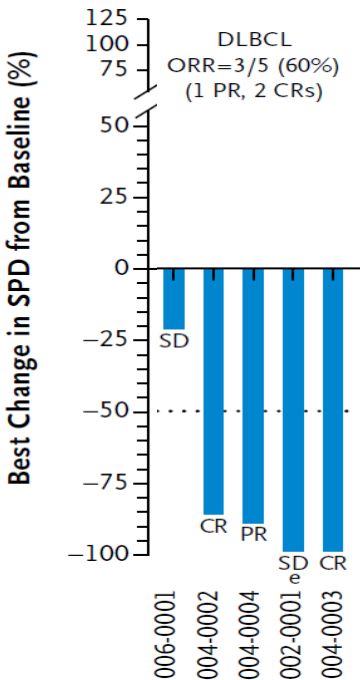
## ROR1 Expression by LOT



ROR1 expression was highest in brexucabtagene autoleucel (Tecartus®)-relapsed samples ( $n = 3$ ) among analyzed cell samples from MCL patients

Jiang 2021 J Hematol Oncol

## Phase 1 ROR1 ADC Efficacy Data



Patients with DLBCL responses had 3, 7, and 7 prior regimens (including HDT/HSCT in 1 patient and CAR T cells in 3 patients)

Wang 2022 NEJM Evid

## Phase 1 ROR1 ADC Safety Data

“...as expected with a monomethyl auristatin E-containing antibody–drug conjugate, adverse events (AEs) included acute neutropenia and cumulative neuropathy...”

“...no clinically-concerning AEs occurred to suggest ROR1-mediated toxicities or nonspecific zilovetamab vedotin binding to normal tissues...”

Wang 2022 NEJM Evid

# ONCT-808 ROR1 Targeting Autologous CAR T

## Use of Zilovetamab scFv May Address Common CAR T Challenges

### Known CAR T Cell Therapy Challenges

#### Efficacy

- Increasing number of relapses following CD19 CAR T cell therapy due to reduced expression, mutations or loss of the target antigen tumor evading CAR T cell efficacy

#### Safety

- Safety issues possibly related to activation of CAR T by normal cells expressing the target antigen
- CD19 and BCMA are expressed on subsets of healthy B cells leading to B-cell aplasia and increased risk of infections with CAR T therapy

### Possible Advantages of Zilo-based ROR1 CAR T

#### Potential for fewer antigen-negative relapses

- ROR1 expression associated with aggressive and/or refractory tumor phenotype<sup>1,2</sup>
- ROR1 antigen loss can render cancer cells less aggressive and susceptible to chemo<sup>3</sup>

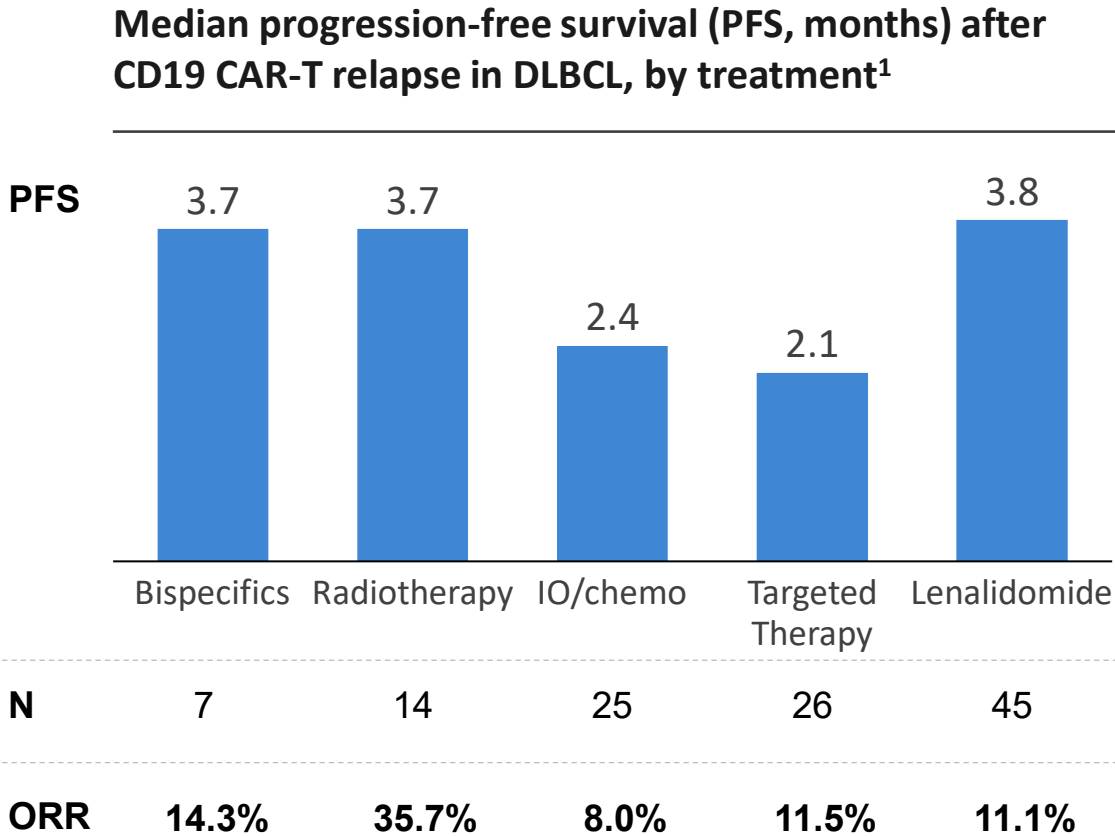
#### Multiple liquid and solid tumor targets

#### Potential for less toxicity

- The antibody-drug conjugate zilovetamab vedotin (MK-2140) did not lead to off tumor, on target toxicities in clinical studies<sup>4,5</sup>
- ROR1 is not expressed on mature B cells and thus, targeting ROR1 not likely to lead to B-cell aplasia

1) Kipps 2022 Blood, 2) Meck 2021 Cells, 3) Borchering 2014 Protein Cell, 4) Wang 2022 NEJM Evid, 5) Wang 2022 Blood

# ONCT-808 can address low ORR and short PFS for patients with aggressive B-NHL failing CD19 CAR-T treatment



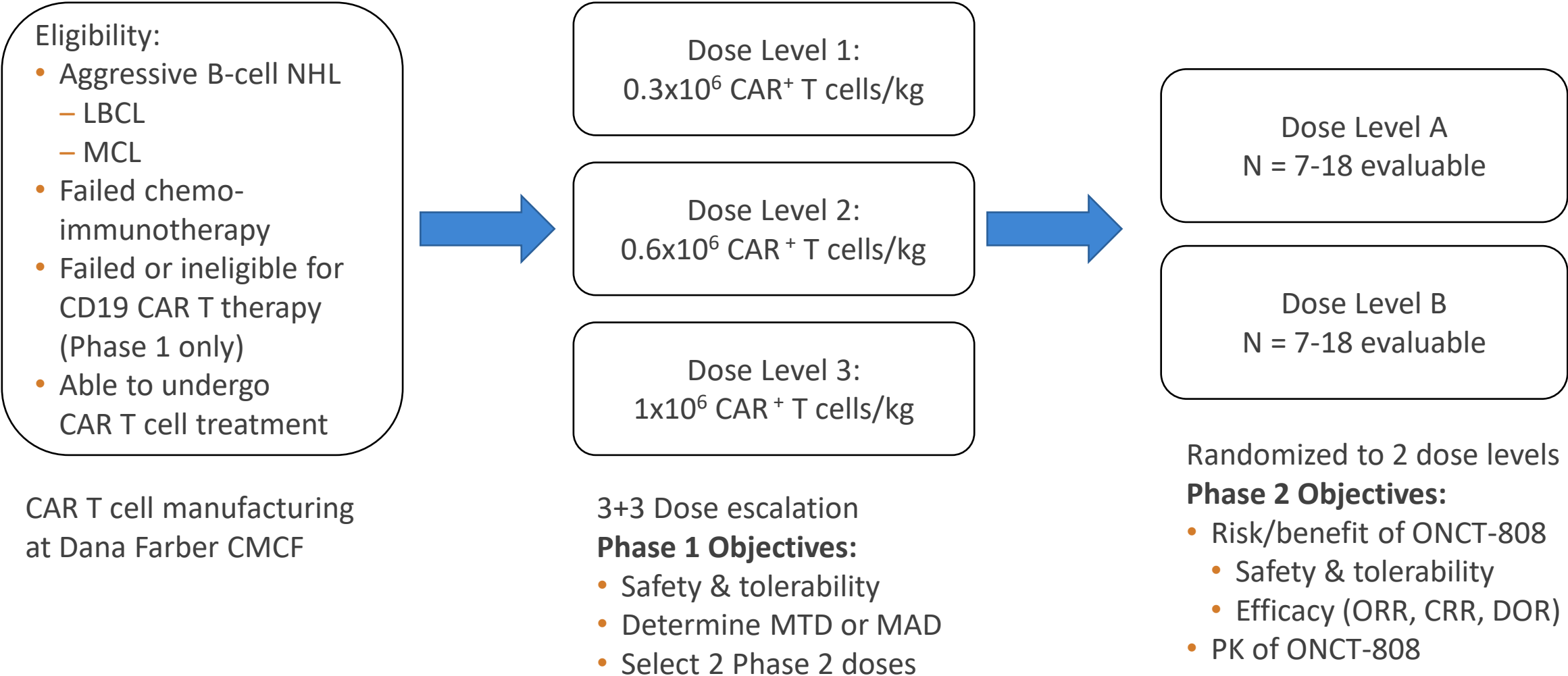
Di Blasi 2022 Blood, Post-CAR relapse in DLBCL

- Current outcomes post-CAR treatment are poor across all therapies, with 14% ORR, 7% CR, mPFS of 3 months and mOS of 5 months
- The prevalence of aggressive NHL in the US is ~30,000 cases, with ~5,000 patients eligible for 3<sup>rd</sup> line auto CAR T treatment<sup>2</sup>, many of which eventually relapse
- As CAR T moves up to 2<sup>nd</sup> line the number of CD19 CAR T eligible patients and those who relapse will be significantly larger

1 Di Blasi 2022 Blood, Post-CAR relapse in DLBCL

2 Wenzhen 2021 JNCNN, Epidemiology of Diffuse Large B Cell Lymphoma (DLBCL) and Follicular Lymphoma (FL) Patients by Line of Therapy in the United States (US) and Europe (EU)





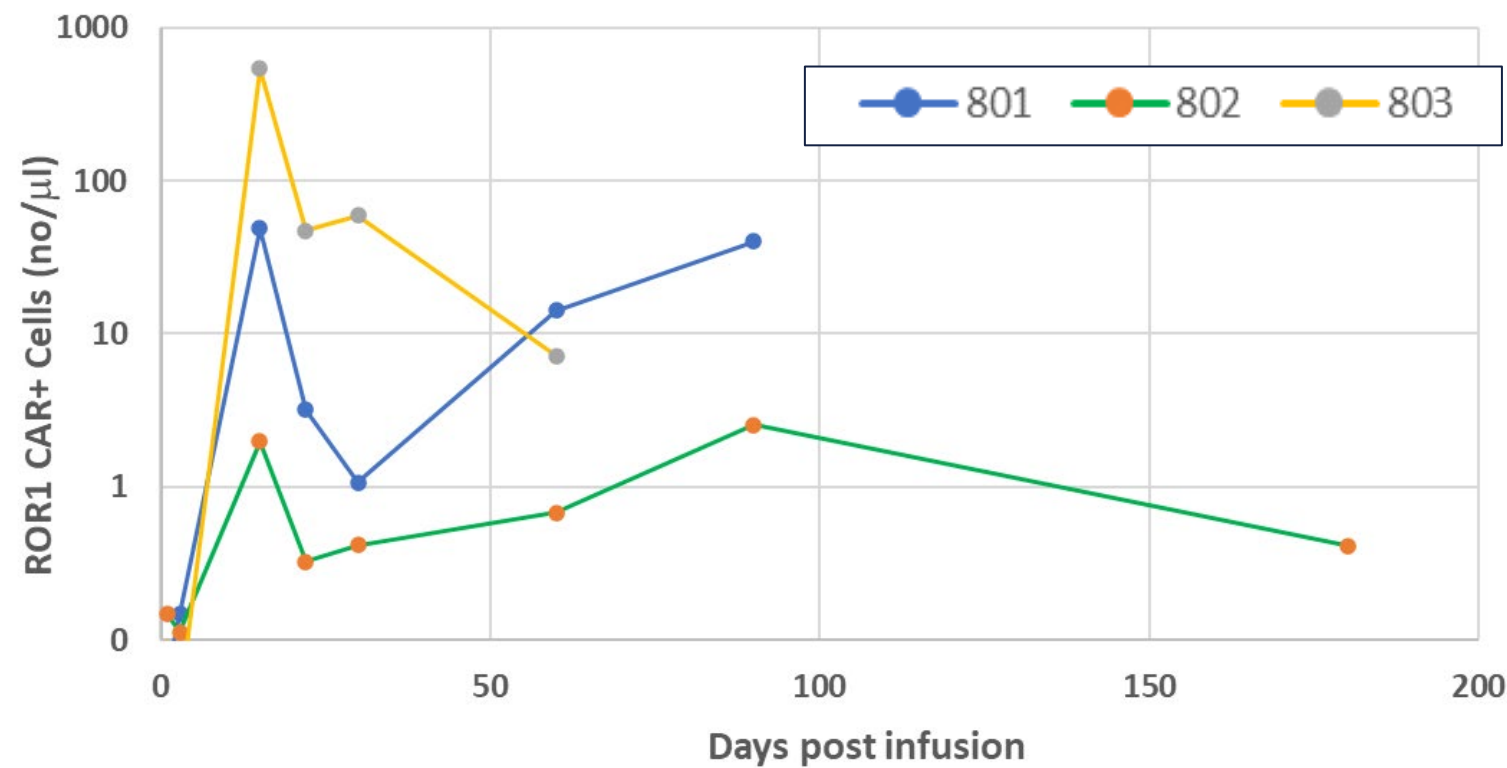
LBCL: Large B-Cell Lymphoma (Diffuse LBCL NOS, Primary mediastinal LBCL, High-grade BCL, DLBCL arising from indolent lymphoma or CLL, Follicular lymphoma grade 3B, Richter’s syndrome); MCL: Mantle Cell Lymphoma; CMCF: Cell Manipulation Core Facility; MTD: Maximum Tolerated Dose; MAD: Maximum Administered Dose; RP2D: Recommended Phase 2 Dose; ORR: Objective Response Rate; CRR: Complete Response Rate; DOR: Duration of Response



- Encouraging response signal in dosing cohort of  $1 \times 10^6$  CAR T cells per kg
  - 2/3 patients achieved complete metabolic response (CMR) by FDG PET-CT
  - 1/3 patients achieved partial response (PR) by FDG PET-CT
  - Common adverse events included decreased blood counts, pneumonia and Grade 1-2 CRS
- Grade 5 (fatal) SAE in dose level of  $3 \times 10^6$  CAR T cells per kg
  - Patient was an 80-year-old with bulky disease who had received four previous lines of therapy including CD19 CAR T and CD79b ADC
  - SAE consistent with CRS and immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome (ICANS)
  - Initial autopsy report showed no histological evidence of his lymphoma
- In alignment with FDA, Oncternal has implemented protocol changes for an updated study design that includes modified eligibility criteria and testing lower doses; enrollment open

Data cutoff: December 4, 2023

## Study ONCT-808-101: CAR T Expansion and Persistence by Patient



- ONCT-808 CAR T cells expand and are persistent in all three patients from the  $1 \times 10^6$  CAR T cells/kg cohort up to 6 months
- Expansion significantly associated with response in Axi-Cel study (Neelapu NEJM 2017)

# Table of Contents

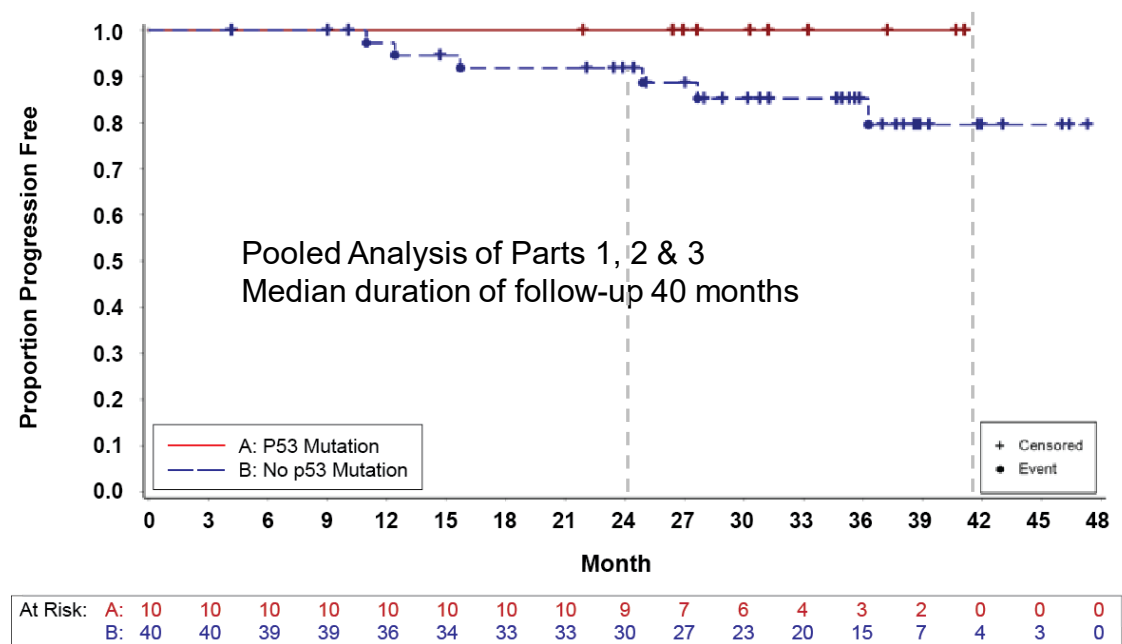
**ONCT-534: DUAL-ACTION ANDROGEN RECEPTOR INHIBITOR (DAARI)**

**ONCT-808: ROR1 TARGETED CELL THERAPY**

**ZILOVERTAMAB: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY TARGETING ROR1**

**FINANCIAL INFO AND UPCOMING MILESTONES**

CIRM-0001 Phase 1/2 Study of Zilovertamab + ibrutinib in patients with CLL and aberrant TP53 (ASH 2022 Oral Presentation\*)



PFS for p53 mut/del(17p) at ~42 months was 100% for zilovertamab + ibrutinib (N=5 R/R, N=5 TN)

\*Lee 2022, Blood

- Zilovertamab inhibits CLL-cell expression of genes induced by activated ERK1/2, NF-κB, STAT3, and NRF2 in CLL patients with TP53 mutation who have been treated with BTKi
- Zilovertamab + ibrutinib was well tolerated, with a safety profile similar to ibrutinib alone
- Prolonged PFS with zilovertamab + ibrutinib in TP53-altered CLL to be further investigated preclinically, potential in other tumor types
- Investigator-sponsored study of zilovertamab in combination with docetaxel in patients with metastatic CRPC to continue
- Partnerships and collaborations required to support future clinical trials

# Table of Contents

**ONCT-808: ROR1 TARGETED CELL THERAPY**

**ONCT-534: DUAL-ACTION ANDROGEN RECEPTOR INHIBITOR (DAARI)**

**ZILOVERTAMAB: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY TARGETING ROR1**

**FINANCIAL INFO AND UPCOMING MILESTONES**

## ONCT-534 DAARI

- Prostate cancer Phase 1/2 study
  - Initial clinical data
  - Additional clinical data readouts

**Patients treated**

**2Q 2024**

**4Q 2024**

## ONCT-808 ROR1 CAR T cell therapy

- Aggressive B-cell NHL Phase 1/2 study
  - Clinical data update
  - Additional clinical data readouts

**Initial data reported**

**mid 2024**

**4Q 2024**



Cash & Cash Investments @ December 31, 2023	\$34.3M
Cash Runway into 2025	
Debt	\$0M
<b>Capitalization<sup>(1)</sup>:</b>	
Common Shares Outstanding	2.9M
Awards / Warrants in the Money @ December 31, 2023 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.5M
Fully Diluted in the Money	3.4M
<b>Non-Dilutive Support</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NIH Grants MOA, indication expansion</li> </ul>	\$3.7M

(1) Reflects a 1-for-20 reverse stock split effective January 8, 2024

(2) Excludes out-of-the-money awards and warrants totaling ~0.2M

## **ONCT-534: DUAL-ACTION ANDROGEN RECEPTOR INHIBITOR (DAARI)**

- Third cohort (160mg dosing level) dosed in Phase 1/2 dose escalation study in R/R mCRPC
- Received Fast-Track designation from U.S. FDA
- Activity in preclinical prostate cancer models of androgen receptor inhibitor resistance, including AR mutations, AR overexpression and AR splice variants such as AR-V7

## **ONCT-808: AUTOLOGOUS CAR T CELL THERAPY TARGETING ROR1**

- Encouraging clinical activity in Phase 1/2 clinical study in aggressive B-cell NHL, including CD19 CAR T treatment failures
- Implemented revised dosing levels and eligibility criteria following consultation with FDA
- Robust and scalable manufacturing process using closed system

## **ZILOVERTAMAB: POTENTIALLY FIRST-IN-CLASS MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY TARGETING ROR1**

- Encouraging 100% PFS for patients with CLL and TP53 aberrations being further investigated
- Discussions ongoing with BTK inhibitor developers

## **MULTIPLE CATALYSTS WITHIN CASH RUNWAY PERIOD**

- ONCT-534 Phase 1/2 dose escalation study in R/R mCRPC initial data in 2Q 2024
- ONCT-808 clinical data update in aggressive B-cell NHL in mid 2024
- Cash and short-term investments of \$34.3M as of December 31, 2023, cash runway into 2025